COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2020

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS MATAGORDA COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE 2200 7th Street, Room 208 Bay City, TX 77414



MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





KRISTEN E. KUBECKA

COUNTY AUDITOR MATAGORDA COUNTY 2200 SEVENTH STREET, ROOM 208 BAY CITY, TEXAS 77414-5095 (979) 241-0120

Honorable District Judges of Matagorda County and Honorable Members of the Matagorda County Commissioners Court:

Chapter 114.025 and chapter 115.045 of the Local Government Code of the State of Texas requires the issuance within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a licensed certified public accountant. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Matagorda County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Matagorda County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Matagorda County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Matagorda County's financial statements have been audited by KM&L LLC, certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the year ended December 31, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, are presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first item in the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Matagorda County was part of the broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included in the Single Audit section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Matagorda County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. The financial section also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules. The statistical section of the report includes selected financial and demographic information, which is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF MATAGORDA COUNTY

The County of Matagorda, created in 1836 is rich in history and tradition. The County is located between Galveston and Corpus Christi along the Gulf Coast and enjoys a diversity of geography from its wide expanse of prairies to the many creeks, rivers, lakes, bays and Gulf of Mexico. Matagorda County occupies an area of 1,115 square miles and serves an estimated population of 36,702. The County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. Neighboring counties are Brazoria, Wharton and Jackson.

The County operates as specified under the Constitution of the State of Texas and Vernon's Texas Code Annotated, which provide for a Commissioners Court consisting of the County Judge and four County Commissioners, one from each of four geographical precincts. The Commissioners Court is the governing body of the County. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term and the Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years.

The Commissioners Court has certain powers granted to it by the state legislature. Its duties include adoption of the budget, setting of the tax rates, approval of contracts, appointment of certain county officials and the development of policies and orders. The Commissioners Court shares the financial controls of the County with the County Auditor who is appointed according to Texas State statutes for two-year terms by the District Judges. The County Auditor holds the basic responsibilities for establishing accounting policies and procedures, maintaining the records of all financial transactions of the County, and "examining and approving" disbursements from county funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for payment.

Matagorda County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local governmental units. These include volunteer fire departments, libraries and the museum. A primary service is the administration of justice, which includes the county and district courts, justices of the peace, constables, district attorney, clerks of the courts, sheriff, jail, and bailiffs. Other functions performed by the County include juvenile services, maintaining public health and welfare and the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges.

BUDGET

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budgetary control is maintained at the subtotal level of the County budget for the following categories: Personnel, Operating Costs, Capital Outlay and Debt. Expenditures for current operating funds may not exceed available cash balances in such funds at January 1, plus the estimate of revenues for the ensuing year. At any time during the year, Commissioners Court may increase the budget for unexpected revenues, expenditures, or actual beginning fund balances in excess of budgeted estimates, if Commissioners Court declares the existence of an emergency necessitating the increase. All annual budget appropriations lapse at year-end with the exception of the commissioner's budgets. Prior to year-end, the commissioners commit a portion of unrestricted General Fund balance for the unspent portion of their precinct budgets. The County also maintains an encumbrance accounting system for the general fund as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The long-term financial plans of the county consist of continued infrastructure improvement for roads and bridges and efforts to explore avenues for enhanced economic growth. The commissioners' court adopted an updated tax abatement policy to aid in negotiations with potential industrial clients and to continue to attract growth for Matagorda County.

Additional appropriations for courthouse maintenance and repairs were approved to preserve our capital assets to ensure they reach their potential life expectancy.

LOCAL ECONOMY

An understanding of the financial condition of Matagorda County is enhanced though a perspective of the environment in which the County operates. Matagorda County's primary economic bases include utilities, petrochemical processing, transmission, agriculture, commercial fishing and tourism. Matagorda County has outstanding opportunities for industry growth because of its location and proximity to the Gulf of Mexico, the Colorado River and the Gulf Intercoastal Canal waterway as well as rail accessibility.

For several years, Matagorda County has partnered with the South Texas Project Nuclear Operating Company (STP) in providing Emergency Preparedness Training and Operations Drills for the safety of its citizens. This contract is not only financially favorable to the County, but has also provided invaluable emergency preparedness skills and a network of cooperation between the County leaders and departments and its industry neighbors. Through a joint partnership with the South Texas Project and Wharton County Junior College, the South Texas Center for Energy Development continues to serve as a career center for staffing at STP and also offers classes focusing on process-technology and power-technology programs to train students for work at chemical, industrial and nuclear plants.

Matagorda Regional Medical Center (MRMC) serves the community at its 117,000 square-foot facility located on 45 acres of land on Texas 35 west. This two-story acute care hospital has 58 patient rooms, offers expanded services, and attractive and comfortable patient and visitor areas. A 40,000 square foot medical office building on the MRMC campus provides a two-story Diagnostic Center for outpatient testing as well as physician clinic space.

The economic outlook for Matagorda County remains positive for the future. Tenaris, a seamless steal pipe manufacturing plant is located in the County with an approximate value of \$ 1.8 billion. Tenaris continues to be operational with approximately 600 employees. Oxea, a global chemical company, postconstruction continues to operate its 100,000 mt per annum world-scale production unit. Peyton Creek Windfarm construction completed and became operational on a 180 MW project during 2020. A second phase is currently in development. Environmental Fluids completed building construction on their \$5 to \$30 million capital investment project during 2019; operations have been ongoing during 2020. This project created over 100 jobs at peak employment. Air Liquide continues construction on a \$ 107 million project, expecting to create 10 to 30 employees in the future. Lodestar Energy Group, LLC is building a \$ 32 million South Texas Rail Terminal in Matagorda County. The terminal will handle rail traffic from nearby fractionation, crude oil and natural gas storage facilities. Operations are expected by Q2 of 2021 creating about 10 full time jobs. Several industrial projects have shown interest in the County by communicating to the Commissioner's Court through the Matagorda County Economic Development. In response to economic growth, several new hotels became operational while existing hotels continue to operate. The County hopes that with these additions more business opportunities will follow. Tourism continues to grow as Matagorda's coastline is developed and discovered by those who enjoy fishing, beach and river activities or just relaxing.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County has adopted an investment policy as required by state law and in conformity with state investment statutes. The investment policy as adopted by the County employs the prudent person concept in that priorities were established as to the investment vehicles the County would use. Compliance with the laws of the State of Texas and Safety were established as first priorities, followed by liquidity, low risk and diversification with an active versus passive management philosophy maintaining high professional and ethical standards.

The County Treasurer is responsible for administering all of the investment of idle funds in the County. For the last several years, the County's depository has provided better interest rates than comparable liquid investments. During the fiscal year, the County earned approximately \$ 0.47 million interest on the funds invested.

In 2011, the County established a Fund Balance Policy in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, adopting new classifications of fund balance, the method for committing fund balance and setting the order in which resources will be expended.

The County is responsible for establishing its tax rate. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, the tax rate to finance general governmental services was \$ 0.42941 per \$ 100 valuation and the tax rate for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt was \$ 0.00401 per \$ 100 of valuation.

In addition, the County also has the following financial policies:

- The Commissioners Court of the County shall formally adopt the annual budget prepared by the Budget Officer, members of the Commissioners' court and the County Auditor.
- Expenditures are controlled not to exceed available resources. All elected officials and department heads are required to keep expenditures within allocated budgets.
- Balanced financial operations will be maintained. Adequate internal accounting controls are developed and maintained to safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.
- The County continues its effort on the replacement and upgrade of software when needed and it has provided funding when possible.
- Delivery of service to the constituents.
- Restrain the debt issuance to keep the tax rate low.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Matagorda County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The County has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 17 consecutive years. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my appreciation to members of the Commissioners' Court and to the District Judges for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and professional manner. The timely completion of this report could not have been achieved without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Office of County Auditor and the professional services provided by our independent Auditor, KM&L LLC.

Respectfully submitted,

risten Kubeeka

Kristen Kubecka, County Auditor Matagorda County, Texas June 25, 2021



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Matagorda County Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31,2019

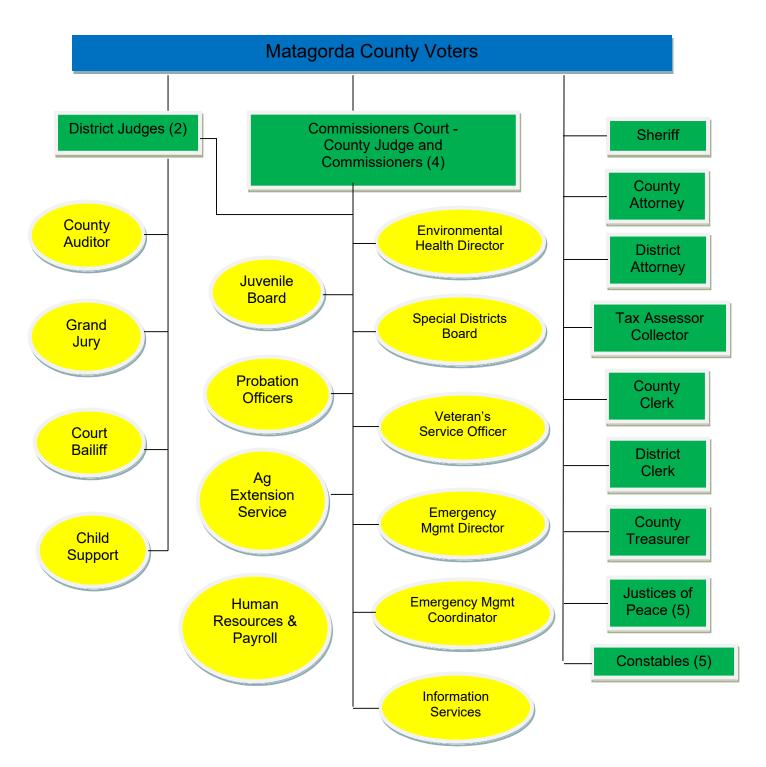
Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

MATAGORDA COUNTY Organization Chart

Elected Officials





ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2020

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Judge, 23rd Judicial District Judge. 130th Judicial District County Judge Commissioner, Precinct #1 Commissioner, Precinct #2 Commissioner, Precinct #3 Commissioner, Precinct #4 County Sheriff County Attorney District Attorney County Tax Collector County Clerk District Clerk County Treasurer Justice of the Peace, Precinct #1 Justice of the Peace, Precinct #2 Justice of the Peace. Precinct #3 Justice of the Peace, Precinct #4 Justice of the Peace, Precinct #6 Constable, Precinct #1 Constable, Precinct #2 Constable, Precinct #3 Constable, Precinct #4 Constable, Precinct #6

Ben Hardin Craig Estlinbaum Nate McDonald Gary Graham Kent Pollard James Gibson **Charles Frick** Frank Osborne Denise Fortenberry Steven Reis Cristyn Hallmark Stephanie Wurtz Janice Hawthorne Loretta Griffin Jason Sanders Ronald LeBlanc Amy Tapia Mark Finlay James Powell Precious Smith Frank Craft Jesse Alvarez Pete Medina Bill Orton

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

County Auditor Court Baliff Child Support Ag Extension Agent Environmental Health Director Veterans Service Office Emergency Management Director Emergency Management Coordinator Information Services Human Resources & Payroll Director Kristen Kubecka Bill Orton Marlene Wells Aaron Sumrall Lisa Krobot David Libby Nate McDonald Amanda Campos Chris Peikert Tressa Leadford



FINANCIAL SECTION





Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court Matagorda County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Matagorda County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075 <u>El Campo</u> 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836 Angleton 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 Bay City 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



www.kmandl.com

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court Matagorda County, Texas

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, required pension schedules and required OPEB schedules on pages 4 through 15 and 69 through 74 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court Matagorda County, Texas

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2021, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas June 25, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

As management of Matagorda County, Texas (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i - iv of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year for governmental activities by \$ 22,734,829 (net position). Of this amount, unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$ 3,820,081.
- The County's total net position increased for governmental activities by \$ 3,755,921.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 23,467,574. 67.71% of this amount, \$ 15,889,027 (unassigned fund balance), was available for use within the County's fund designations. Of the governmental funds amount, \$ 5,237,521 has been restricted for specific uses.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$16,308,430 or 62.37% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The *governmental activities* of the County include general government, justice system, public safety, corrections and rehabilitation, health and human services, community and economic development, and infrastructure and environmental services. The County has no *business-type activities*.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

• **Governmental Funds.** *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, provides reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains eighteen (18) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other seventeen (17) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 25 of this report.

• **Proprietary Funds.** The County maintains one category of *proprietary fund*, the *internal service fund*. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs of its self-funded health insurance program among various funds and functions. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 28 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Fiduciary Funds. *Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's operations. The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of assets and liabilities on page 29 and a statement of changes in assets and liabilities - agency funds that can be found on pages 110 through 111.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32 through 65 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 69 through 74 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual statements and schedules can be found on pages 78 through 88 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 22,734,829 as of December 31, 2020. This is an increase in net position of \$ 3,755,921 which is primarily due to an increase in property taxes and a decrease in infrastructure and environmental services expenses.

The largest portion of the County's net position of \$ 25,267,989 reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land; construction in progress, vehicles and equipment, buildings and improvements and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses capital assets to provide service to citizens and consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$ 2,514,606 due to an increase in capital projects for the current fiscal year.

An additional portion of the County's net position of \$ 1,286,921 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is a deficit of \$ 3,820,081, which represents unrestricted net position. This deficit is not an indication that the County does not have significant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having long-term commitments, specifically the net pension liability and total OPEB liability, that are more than currently available resources.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS *Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020*

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S NET POSITION

		Governmen				
ASSETS		2020		2019		Net Change
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	51,362,140 27,336,657	\$	48,724,169 25,028,465	\$	2,637,971 2,308,192
Total assets	_	78,698,797	_	73,752,634		4,946,163
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE Deferred outflows of resources	s _	5,462,003	_	4,702,026		759,977
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	5,462,003	_	4,702,026		759,977
LIABILITIES Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	_	2,997,960 35,230,064	_	3,319,056 35,075,873	(321,096) <u>154,191</u>
Total liabilities		38,228,024		38,394,929	(166,905)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources	_	23,197,947	_	21,080,823		2,117,124
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	23,197,947	_	21,080,823		2,117,124
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	Ĺ	25,267,989 1,286,921 <u>3,820,081</u>)	Ĺ	22,753,383 1,109,873 <u>4,884,348</u>)		2,514,606 177,048 1,064,267
Total net position	\$_	22,734,829	\$_	18,978,908	\$	3,755,921

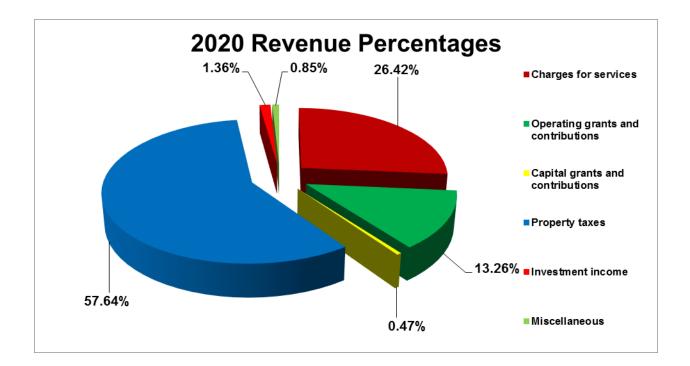
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

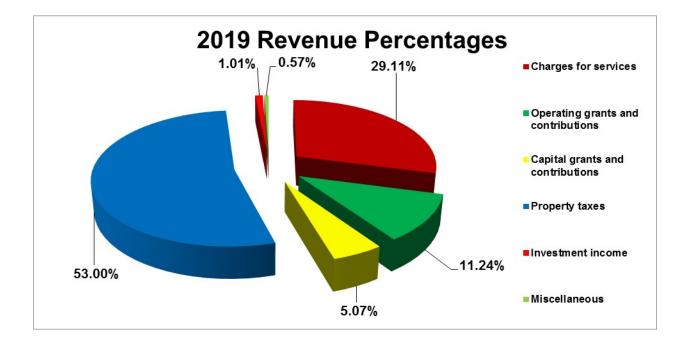
Analysis of the County's Operations. Governmental activities reported an increase in net position in the amount of \$ 3,755,921 due to increased property tax revenue and a decrease in infrastructure and environmental services expense. The following table provides a summary of the County's operations for the year ended December 31, 2020.

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

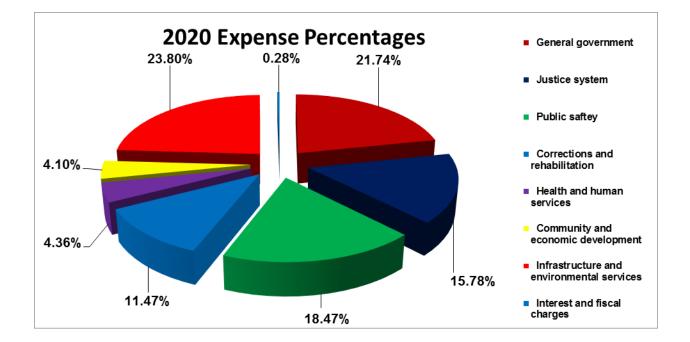
		Governmen					
		2020 2019				Net <u>Change</u>	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:	•	0 404 070	•		• (
- 0	\$	9,491,276	\$	10,381,164	\$(889,888)	
Operating grants and contributions		4,762,946		4,007,516	,	755,430	
Capital grants and contributions		168,467		1,807,440	(1,638,973)	
General Revenues:		00 704 000		40.000.447		4 005 404	
Property taxes		20,704,928		18,899,447		1,805,481	
Investment income		487,371		361,820		125,551	
Miscellaneous		307,038	_	205,144		<u>101,894</u>	
Total revenues		35,922,026	_	35,662,531		259,495	
Expenses:							
General government		6,991,798		6,670,175		321,623	
Justice system		5,076,817		5,045,150		31,667	
Public safety		5,941,987		5,185,776		756,211	
Corrections and rehabilitation		3,689,587		3,796,273	(106,686)	
Health and human services		1,401,627		1,476,106	Ì	74,479 [°])	
Community and economic development		1,318,701		1,259,254		59,447	
Infrastructure and environmental services	5	7,655,238		9,004,028	(1,348,790)	
Interest and fiscal charges		90,350		94,618	(4,268)	
Total expenses		32,166,105	_	32,531,380	(365,275)	
Change in net position		3,755,921		3,131,151		624,770	
Net position - beginning		18,978,908		15,847,757		3,131,151	
Net position - ending	\$	22,734,829	\$_	18,978,908	\$	3,755,921	

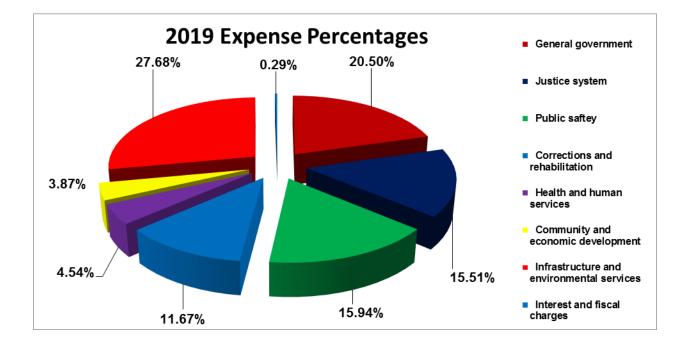
MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS *Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020*





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 23,467,574. The unassigned fund balance of \$ 15,889,027 constitutes 67.71% of ending fund balance. The fund balance is categorized as 1) nonspendable of \$ 1,123,309, 2) restricted of \$ 5,237,521, 3) committed of \$ 1,217,717, and 4) unassigned of \$ 15,889,027.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. Fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$ 3,530,220; and other governmental funds decreased by \$ 237,474. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 62.37% of total general fund expenditures, and total fund balance represents 83.37% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$ 3,530,220 compared to a net increase of \$ 1,831,731 in the prior year due to increased property tax revenue.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. The County budget is prepared by the County Judge's Office and presented to Commissioners Court for approval. The County operates within this budget for the fiscal year with expenditure amendments made as needed.

The Commissioners Court approved increases to budgeted operating revenue of \$ 1,992,122 and appropriations of \$ 3,394,105. Various grant awards were also allocated to revenue and expenditures during the year as necessary. Upon completion of the audit, the prior year committed funds were allocated to the four precincts current year budgets for an overall total of \$ 1,217,717.

Total General Fund revenue exceeded the budget by approximately 2.52% and total General Fund expenditures were under budget by approximately 13.65%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Capital Assets

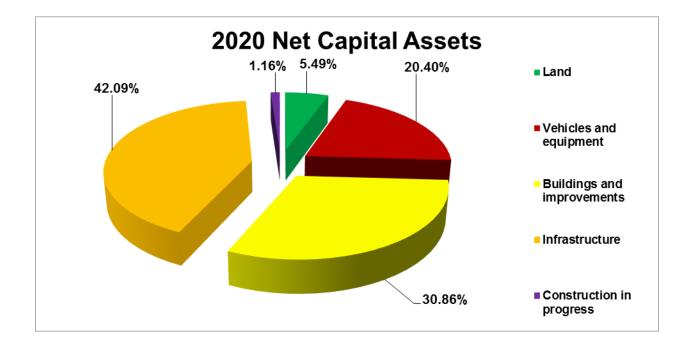
This investment in capital assets includes land; buildings and improvements; equipment and vehicles; infrastructure; and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

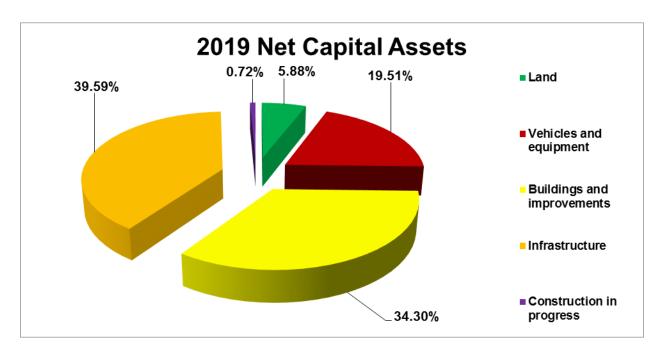
- Acquisition of new vehicles and several large road and bridge equipment.
- Road and bridge improvements are continuous.
- Several large roof repair projects were completed.
- Emergency radio tower equipment and repairs.

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		Governmen	Net			
		2020		2019		Change
Land	\$	1,500,478	\$	1,470,669	\$	29,809
Construction in progress		317,213		179,757		137,456
Vehicles and equipment		5,575,964		4,884,260		691,704
Buildings and improvements		8,436,535		8,583,671	(147,136)
Infrastructure	_	11,506,467	_	9,910,108		1,596,359
Total	\$_	27,336,657	\$_	25,028,465	\$	2,308,192



For the Year Ended December 31, 2020



Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 50 through 51 of this report.

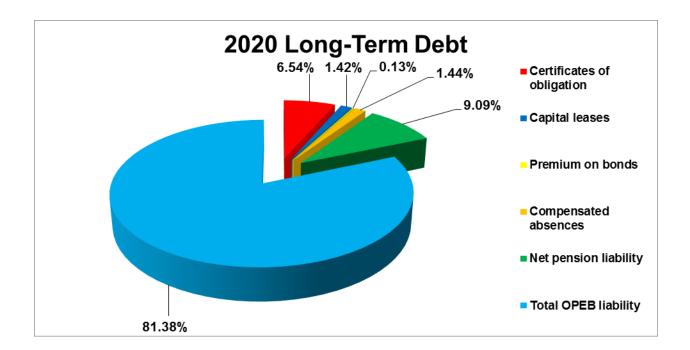
DEBT ADMINISTRATION

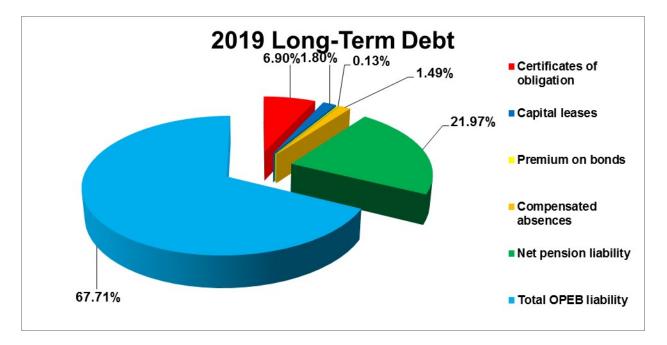
At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had a total bonded and capital lease debt of \$2,803,523, which, comprises bonded and debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County agreement. The bonds and capital leases will be retired with revenues from property taxes.

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S LONG-TERM DEBT

	Governmental Activiti 2020 201		Activities 2019	Net Change		
Certificates of obligation Capital leases Premium on bonds Compensated absences Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	\$	2,305,000 498,523 43,958 508,613 3,202,740 28,671,230	\$	2,420,000 631,650 47,015 523,229 7,705,909 23,748,070	\$(((115,000) 133,127) 3,057) 14,616) 4,503,169) 4,923,160
Total	\$_	35,230,064	\$_	35,075,873	\$	154,191

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS *Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020*





For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

During the fiscal year, the County's total debt increased by \$ 154,191 or 0.44%. The net increase was due primarily to the increased valuation on the total OPEB.

All of the outstanding Bonds of the County payable from its limited taxes are insured and are, therefore, rated "AA-" by Standard & Poor's ("S&P"). State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government may issue to 25% of its total assessed valuation. The current limitation for the County significantly exceeds the outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 52 through 54 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The annual budget is developed to provide efficient, effective and controlled use of the County's resources. Through the budget the County Commissioners set the direction of the County, allocate its resources and establish its priorities. The 2021 budget was adopted August 31, 2020 with General Fund expenditures of \$ 27,432,835 and a revenue budget of \$ 27,432,835.

The Commissioners' Court adopted a maintenance and operation tax rate of \$ 0.41850 per \$ 100 assessed valuation. The court also adopted an interest and sinking tax rate of \$ 0.00373.

The main factors affecting the 2021 budget were as follows:

- The property tax rate adopted was below the No New Revenue (NNR) Tax Rate. The Commissioner's Court placed a high level of importance on maintaining a property tax rate below the NNR rate.
- Professional Services increased over \$200,000 in support of capital projects and federal programs. The County is still in the recovery phase related to several disaster declarations.
- Public Safety and Corrections and Rehabilitations increased in excess of \$ 120,000.
- An increase in budgeted payroll and benefits; 2 percent for employees excluding elected and appointed officials.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Matagorda County Auditor, 2200 7th Street, Room 208, Bay City, Texas, 77414, or call (979) 241-0120.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2020

		ernmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	25,083,852
Taxes Accounts Due from other governments Accrued interest Inventories Prepaid expenses Investments		17,771,030 3,007,329 1,718,907 11,324 294,882 828,427 2,646,389
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Vehicles and equipment Buildings and improvements Infrastructure		1,500,478 317,213 5,575,964 8,436,535 11,506,467
Total assets		78,698,797
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources		5,462,003
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,462,003
LIABILITIES Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue Noncurrent liabilities:		2,537,241 29,123 431,596
Due within one year Due in more than one year Other long-term liabilities Net pension liability Total OPEB liability		661,818 2,694,276 3,202,740 28,671,230
Total liabilities		38,228,024
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources		23,197,947
Total deferred inflows of resources		23,197,947
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Records management Other Unrestricted Total net position	(\$	25,267,989 738,801 548,120 <u>3,820,081</u>) <u>22,734,829</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

					Net Revenue (Expense) and Change In <u>Net Position</u>			
		Expenses	(Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Governmental Activities:						Contributions		
General government Justice system Public safety Corrections and rehabilitation Health and human services Community and economic development	\$	6,991,798 5,076,817 5,941,987 3,689,587 1,401,627 1,318,701	\$	1,913,385 724,194 3,974,673 652,546 121,460 440,224	\$	182,867 2,212,085 1,349,391 51,383 17,172	\$	\$(4,895,546) (2,140,538) (617,923) (2,985,658) (1,280,167) (861,305)
Infrastructure and environmental services Interest and fiscal charges	_	7,655,238 90,350	_	1,664,794	_	950,048	168,467	(4,871,929) (90,350)
Total governmental activities	_	32,166,105	_	9,491,276	_	4,762,946	168,467	(<u>17,743,416</u>)
General Revenue: Property taxes Investment income Miscellaneous								20,704,928 487,371 <u>307,038</u>
Total general revenue								21,449,337
Change in net position								3,755,921
Net position - beginning								18,978,908
Net position - ending								\$ <u>22,734,829</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2020

Assets and deferred outflows of resources Assets:	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments	\$ 21,853,666 17,609,376 55,662 931,856	\$ 2,368,424 161,654 1,987 787,051	\$ 24,222,090 17,771,030 57,649 1,718,907
Accrued interest Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid expenditures Investments	11,324 1,100,207 294,882 828,427 <u>2,646,389</u>	41,682	11,324 1,141,889 294,882 828,427 2,646,389
Total assets	45,331,789	3,360,798	48,692,587
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources			
Total deferred outflows of resources			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u>45,331,789</u>	\$ <u>3,360,798</u>	\$ <u>48,692,587</u>
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 1,739,765 41,682 170,800	\$	\$ 2,098,091 1,141,889 <u> </u>
Total liabilities	1,952,247	1,497,372	3,449,619
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources	21,577,812	197,582	21,775,394
Total deferred inflows of resources	21,577,812	197,582	21,775,394
Fund balance: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	1,123,309 3,152,274 1,217,717 <u>16,308,430</u>	2,085,247 (<u>419,403</u>	1,123,309 5,237,521 1,217,717) <u>15,889,027</u>
Total fund balance	21,801,730	1,665,844	23,467,574
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ <u>45,331,789</u>	\$ <u>3,360,798</u>	\$ <u>48,692,587</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020		Exhibit 3R
Total fund balance - governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit 3)	\$	23,467,574
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets include \$84,827,341 in assets less \$57,490,684 in accumulated depreciation.		27,336,657
Judicial accounts receivables net of related allowance for uncollectible accounts are unavailable to pay for current period expenditures and availability of funds are uncertain as to availability are not recorded in the funds. Judicial receivables of \$ 14,860,594 net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$ 12,116,130 amounted to \$ 2,744,464.		2,744,464
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Deferred inflows of resources for property tax revenues for the general fund and the debt service fund amounted to \$ 865,287 and \$ 9,610 respectively.		874,897
Pension deferred outflows of resources of \$ 1,625,898 less deferred inflows of resources of \$ 1,653,798.	(27,900)
OPEB deferred outflows of resources of \$ 3,836,105 less deferred inflows of resources of \$ 646,652		3,192,453
Payables for bond principal are not reported in the funds.	(2,305,000)
Payables for capital lease principal are not reported in the funds.	(498,523)
Payables for net pension liability are not reported in the funds.	(3,202,740)
Premium on the issuance of bonds provide current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the bonds. Net premium on the issuance of bonds were \$43,958 (premium on the sale of bonds of \$60,325 less amortization of \$16,367).	(43,958)
Payables for bonded debt and capital lease interest is not reported in the funds except for amounts received from the sale of bonds or issuance of capital leases after the issuance date. Total accrued interest payable of \$ 29,123.	(29,123)
Payables for total OPEB liability are not reported in the funds.	(28,671,230)
Payables for compensated absences are not reported in the funds.	(508,613)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as health insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the service funds are not reported separately from the fund statements. The internal service fund balance are not reported in the funds.	_	405,871
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position (Exhibit 1)	\$_	22,734,829

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		General Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes	\$	20,415,290	\$	192,373	\$	20,607,663
Licenses and permits		794,226		0.055.057		794,226
Intergovernmental		2,548,358		2,055,257		4,603,615
Charges for services Fines		4,612,127 360,568		246,126 33,949		4,858,253 394,517
Investment income		454,770		15,752		470,522
Miscellaneous	_	398,305		54,810	_	453,115
Total revenues	_	29,583,644		2,598,267	_	32,181,911
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		5,668,751		37,725		5,706,476
Justice system		3,554,909		426,957		3,981,886
Public safety Corrections and rehabilitation		3,523,898 2,618,205		860,290 42,214		4,384,188 2,660,419
Health and human services		1,241,351		42,214		1,241,351
Community and economic development		1,130,639		7,698		1,138,337
Infrastructure and environmental services		4,446,054		1,278,389		5,524,443
Capital outlay		3,880,279		44,770		3,925,049
Debt service:		-,,		,		-,,
Principal		267,906		115,000		382,906
Interest and fiscal charges	_	17,252		74,912		92,164
Total expenditures	_	26,149,244		2,887,955	_	29,037,199
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	3,434,400	(289,688)		3,144,712
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		40.055				40.055
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		13,255				13,255
Capital lease issuance Transfers in		134,779 27,500		79,714		134,779 107,214
Transfers out	((<u> </u>	(<u>107,214</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	95,820		52,214		148,034
Change in fund balance		3,530,220	(237,474)		3,292,746
Fund balance - beginning	_	18,271,510		1,903,318	_	20,174,828
Fund balance - ending	\$_	21,801,730	\$	1,665,844	\$_	23,467,574

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS Exhibit 4R RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND Page 1 of 2 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 \$ Change in fund balance - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4) 3,292,746 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay of \$ 3,925,049 exceeded depreciation expenses of \$ 1,785,324 in the current period. 2,139,725 Contributions of capital assets are not reported in the funds, however, contributions of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the governmental activities statement of activities. During the current year, \$ 168,467 of capital assets were contributed and accepted by the County. 168,467 Property tax revenues in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current available resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. The change of deferred inflows of resources for property tax revenues for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund amounted to \$ 95,853 and \$ 1,412 respectively. 97.265 Capital lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Capital lease proceeds in the governmental funds were \$ 134,779 for capital leases. 134,779) (Judicial revenues (resulting from accounts receivable net of related allowance for uncollectible) in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current available resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. The change in these net receivables resulted in an increase in revenues reported in the governmental activities statement of activities. (477,583) Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. The funds statements reported \$ 115,000 in certificates of obligation principal payments and \$ 267,906 in capital lease principal payments. 382,906 Premium on the issuance of bonds provide current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. Bond premium amortization was \$ 3,057. 3,057 Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount of change in net pension liability. 357,096 Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount of accrued interest on long-term debt. Current change in accrued interest on bonds and leases of \$ 1,243. (1,243) Governmental funds report OPEB payments as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the OPEB cost is calculated actuarially and involves multiple factors. This is the amount of change in the total OPEB liability. . 1,730,707) ((continued)

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020		Exhibit 4R Page 2 of 2
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount of change in compensated absences.	\$	14,616
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of health insurance to individual funds. The net expense of the internal service funds is reported in the governmental activities statement of activities, not included in other reconciling items.	(355,645)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	3,755,921

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND December 31, 2020

ASSETS	Insurance Fund
Current assets: Cash and temporary investments Other receivables	\$ 861,762 205,216
Total assets	1,066,978
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources	
Total deferred outflows of resources	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Claims payable Unearned revenue Total liabilities	536 438,614 61,957 661,107
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources	
Total deferred inflows of resources	-0-
NET POSITION Unrestricted	405,871
Total net position	\$ <u>405,871</u>

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Insurance Fund
Operating Revenues: Employer contributions Employee contributions Retiree/cobra contributions Special district contributions	\$ 3,456,329 191,539 122,161 <u>151,833</u>
Total operating revenues	3,921,862
Operating Expenses: Administrative expenses Retiree premiums Claims expense Prescriptions	730,445 517,599 2,206,646 <u>839,666</u>
Total operating expenses	4,294,356
Operating loss	<u>(372,494</u>)
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment income	16,849
Total nonoperataing revenues	16,849
Change in net position	(355,645)
Net position - beginning	761,516
Net position - ending	\$ <u>405,871</u>

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Insurance Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Cash payments for administration Cash payments for claims	\$ 4,078,376 (827,188) (<u> 3,311,378</u>)
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>(60,190</u>)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	-0-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	-0-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income	16,849
Net cash provided by investing activities	16,849
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(43,341)
Cash and temporary investments - beginning	905,103
Cash and temporary investments - ending	\$ <u>861,762</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	\$(372,494)
Accounts receivable Accounts payable Claims payable Unearned revenue	149,812 (96,743) 252,533 6,702
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ <u>(60,190</u>)

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2020

	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$ 16,093,953 49,216
Total assets	\$ <u>16,143,169</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other governments Due to others	\$
Total liabilities	\$ <u>16,143,169</u>



MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

<u>Note</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Matagorda County, Texas (the "County") was established in 1836 by the Republic of Texas. Commissioners elected from each of the four precincts serve as the governing body with the elected County Judge as the head of this body. The Commissioners and County Judge oversee all functions of general government applicable to the County as provided by state statutes.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted account principles. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the County's reporting entity.

Adult Probation

The Adult Probation division is operated as a multi-county department doing business as the 23rd Judicial District Community Supervision and Correction Department (CSCD) for Matagorda and Wharton Counties. The CSCD services both Matagorda and Wharton Counties with each County providing required office space for the operations of the Department and substantially all of the Department's funding provided by the State.

The Department board consists of the two District Judges for Matagorda and Wharton Counties. Matagorda County is not able to appoint a voting majority to the Department's board or otherwise impose its will. The Department is not fiscally dependent on Matagorda County since the County's role is ministerial in nature. As a result, the Department is considered to be legally separate from Matagorda County and thus is not a part of the reporting entity of Matagorda County.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The County has no enterprise fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund (excluding agency funds, which have no measurement focus but are on the accrual basis of accounting) financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from property and other taxes, grants and contracts, fees (charges for services), fines (including forfeitures), and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of the expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until the related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the County to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County has presented the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

The County reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *agency funds* account for assets that the government holds on behalf of others as their agent. The County's agency funds include County Clerk Trust, District Clerk Trust, Inmate Trust, Tax Assessor Collector and Adult Probation funds.

New Pronouncements

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" was issued in November 2016. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2019.

GASB No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" was issued in January 2017. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 87 "Leases" was issued in June 2017. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements" was issued in April 2018. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

New Pronouncements - Continued

GASB No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" was issued in June 2018. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61" was issued in August 2018. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations" was issued in May 2019. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB No. 92 "Omnibus 2020" was issued in January 2020. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB No. 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates" was issued in March 2020. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statement of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" was issued in March 2020. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 95 "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance" was issued in May 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective immediately.

GASB No. 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" was issued in May 2020. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 97 "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans" was issued in June 2020. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Budgetary Data

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the County shall not exceed the balances in the funds, plus the anticipated revenues for the current year as estimated by the County Auditor. The legal level of budgetary control is at the category or line item level (salaries and wages and employee benefits, and operating expenditures) within departments of each fund. Any expenditure, which alters the total budgeted amounts of a fund must be approved by Commissioners Court, and the budget amended. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General fund, certain special revenue funds (District Attorney Legal/Law Fund, Sheriff & Jail Discretionary Fund, County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund, Countywide Records Management Preservation Fund, Courthouse Security Fund, Justice Court Technology Fund, District Clerk Records Management Preservation Fund, County & District Court Technology Fund, and Historical Commission Fund), and the Debt Service fund.

Prior to May 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practical, the County Judge, assisted by the County Auditor, prepares a proposed operating budget for the subsequent fiscal year. The proposed operating budget establishes estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation. Proposed expenditures may not exceed estimated revenues, other resources, and available fund balances.

Subsequent to May 15 and after proper publication of notice, a public hearing is conducted by the Commissioners Court to obtain taxpayer comments. If an increase to the effective tax rate of more than 3% is proposed as a result of the proposed budget, additional notices and public hearings are required.

After the public hearing(s) the Commissioners Court makes appropriate budget changes and adopts the budget through the passage of an order at a regularly scheduled meeting. A separate order is adopted to levy the taxes necessary to finance the budgeted expenditures.

Although the level of budgetary control is total revenues plus available fund balance, the County adopts its budget at a line-item level for managerial control purposes. Line item level is defined for revenue purposes as the type of revenue to be derived and for expenditure purposes by department and type of expenditures (salaries and wages, and employee benefits; operating expenses/expenditures; and capital outlay).

At the discretion of Commissioners Court, transfers of line item budgets within a fund may be made. Amendments to provide for items not included in the original budget may be made by the Commissioners Court upon finding and declaration of the existence of an emergency sufficient to require action. County management has no prerogative to amend the budget without the approval of Commissioners Court. Appropriations not exercised in the current year lapse at the end of the year. Numerous supplemental budget amendments in the general and special revenue funds were deemed necessary due to the timing of planned expenditures and construction projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. As of December 31, 2020, the County had no encumbrances outstanding.

Cash and Investments

Cash and temporary investments include amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County. For purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and temporary investments are considered cash equivalents. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are stated at fair value.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash and temporary investments under each fund's caption. Funds are allowed to exceed the amount of their equity in the pooled cash account. Funds with overdrawn accounts are disclosed as an interfund payable in the liability section of the balance sheet.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of October 1st of each year with statements prepared and mailed at that date or soon thereafter. The tax levy is based upon appraised property values as of each previous January 1st for all taxable property within the County. Payments are due and payable when taxes are levied and may be timely paid through January 31st. On February 1st, taxes become delinquent and subject to penalty and interest charges. After June 30th, any uncollected taxes are subject to tax suit and additional charges to offset related legal costs. The lien date for property taxes is July 1st.

The appraisal of property within the county is the responsibility of the Matagorda County Appraisal District. The Texas Legislature established the Appraisal District and the related Appraisal Review Board in 1979 through the adoption of a comprehensive Property Tax Code. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property is reappraised at least every four years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units including the County, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Under the Code, the Commissioners Court will continue to set annual tax rates on the property. The Code also provides that, if approved by the qualified voters in the Appraisal District, collection functions may be placed with the Appraisal District. The County bills and collects its property taxes and those of certain other taxing entities. Collections of those taxes pending distribution are accounted for in an agency fund.

The County is permitted by Article VIII, Section 9 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$0.80 per \$100 assessed valuation for general governmental services including payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt and maintenance of roads and bridges. Article 6790 of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect an additional \$0.15 per \$100 valuation for road and bridge purposes. Article 7048a of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect an additional \$0.15 per \$100 valuation for road and bridge purposes. Article 7048a of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect \$0.30 per \$100 valuation for road, bridge and flood control purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property Taxes - Continued

The County's 2020 tax levy, supporting the 2021 fiscal period budget, totaled \$ 0.42223 per \$ 100 valuation and was comprised as follows:

General Fund	\$ 0.41850
Debt Service Fund	0.00373
Combined tax rate	\$ <u>0.42223</u>

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". The County had no advances between funds. All activity between funds was for short-term cash flow requirements. See Note 4 for additional discussion of interfund receivables and payables.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The County utilizes the consumption method to account for inventory and prepaid expenditures. Under this method, inventory and prepaid expenditures are considered an expenditure when used rather than when purchased. Significant inventories are reported on the balance sheet at cost, using the first-in, first-out method, with an offsetting reservation of fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements since they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets. Inventories in the governmental funds are comprised of road materials, bulk fuel, parts, and chemicals. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in government-wide and prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, vehicles and equipment, buildings and improvements, and infrastructure are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date of donation. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest cost to be capitalized on assets with tax-exempt borrowing is equal to the cost of the borrowing less interest earned on the related tax-exempt borrowing. During the year ended December 31, 2020, no capitalized interest was included in the cost of capital assets under construction.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$ 5,000 or more and over two years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Leased assets are depreciated over the lesser of the term of the related lease or the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Vehicles and equipment	5-20 Years
Buildings and improvements	40-60 Years
Infrastructure	15-40 Years

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability is matured as a result of employee resignation or retirement.

Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of the county and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

The liability for compensated absences disclosed in the financial statements represents accumulated vacation and compensatory time at December 31, 2020, computed at pay rates in effect at that time was \$ 508,163.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities of resources (revenues).

Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Matagorda County Retiree Health Care Plan (the "Plan") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from the Plan's total OPEB liability. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no assets as this is a pay-as-you-go plan.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as interest and fiscal charge expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

The County's Commissioners Court meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The County's unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the County with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the County's Commissioners Court. Fund Balance of the County may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the County's Commissioners Court. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the County's Commissioners Court. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the County's Commissioners Court has delegated authority to the County Judge or the County Auditor. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The *nonspendable* fund balance includes a portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Resources not in spendable form include inventories, prepaid expenditures and long-term receivables.

The *restricted* fund balance includes net resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers (creditors, grantors, and contributors), laws and regulations of other governments, or through enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Balance - Continued

The enabling legislation authorizes the County to access, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources from external resource providers; those resources can be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. The County's fee revenue generated through enabling legislations include auto registration fees, birth/death certificate fees, adult bond supervision fees, child abuse protection fees, court technology fees, election service fees, family protection fees, financial security fees, juvenile case management fees, law library fees, records archive fees, and records management and preservation fees reported under Non-Major Special Revenue Funds, and auto registration fees, certificates of title, and gross weight and axle fees reported under the Road and Bridge Major Fund.

The *committed* fund balance includes spendable net resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal Commissioners Court actions, no later than the close of the fiscal year. These actions must be in the form of a resolution approved by Commissioners Court. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources. At December 31, 2020, the Commissioners agreed to commit fund balances for each of the four precincts unspent budgeted funds at year end to be added to the subsequent year's approved budget.

The *assigned* fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Such intent should be expressed by Commissioners Court or its designated officials to assign amounts to be used. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed with no formal Commissioners Court actions. At December 31, 2020, there are no assignments of fund balance.

The *unassigned* Fund Balance represents spendable net resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Balance - Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

The following schedule presents details of fund balance components at December 31, 2020:

	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Activities
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable: Inventories	\$	294,882	¢		\$	294,882
Prepaid expenditures	φ	294,882 828,427	φ		φ	828,427
Restricted:		020,427				020,427
Capital projects				778,813		778,813
Contributor purposes				22,123		22,123
Court improvements and operations				256,115		256,115
Debt service				37,772		37,772
Federal Grants		3,152,274				3,152,274
Juvenile services				13,248		13,248
Records management				738,801		738,801
County/District attorney services				129,930		129,930
Sheriff services				108,445		108,445
Committed:						
Precincts		1,217,717				1,217,717
Unassigned		16,308,430	(419,403)	_	15,889,027
Total fund balance	\$_	21,801,730	\$	1,665,844	\$_	23,467,574

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any borrowing spent for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Position - Continued

	Governmental Activities
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 25,267,989
Restricted:	
Records management	738,801
Other:	
Contributor purposes	22,123
Court improvements and operations	256,115
Debt service	18,259
Juvenile services	13,248
County/District attorney services	129,930
Sheriff services	108,445
Unrestricted	<u>(3,820,081</u>)
Total net position	\$ <u>22,734,829</u>

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and temporary investments, and investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose, a temporary investment is one that when purchased had a maturity date of three months or less. Investments are classified as either short-term investments or investments. Short-term investments have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures. Cash and temporary investments as reported on the financial statements at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Cash and Temporary Investments: Cash (petty cash accounts) Financial Institution Deposits:	\$ 5,500	\$	\$	\$ 5,500
Demand deposits	24,216,590	861,762	<u> 16,093,953 </u>	41,172,305
Sub-total	24,222,090	861,762	16,093,953	41,177,805
Investments: Broker Dealer:				
U.S. Agency Securities	1,023,915			1,023,915
Certificates of deposit	1,622,474			1,622,474
Sub-total	2,646,389			2,646,389
Total Cash and Temporary Investments and Investments	\$ <u>26,868,479</u>	\$ <u>861,762</u>	\$ <u>16,093,953</u>	\$ <u>43,824,194</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to them. The County requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 100 percent of uninsured balances.

At year-end, in addition to petty cash and change funds accounts of \$ 5,500, the carrying amount of the County's financial institution deposits, was \$ 42,794,779, while the financial institution balances totaled \$ 52,662,904. Of these balances, \$ 571,028 represents amounts controlled by County courts and held by various financial institutions jointly under the name of the County and the court's beneficiaries and carrying the identification number of the beneficiaries. These accounts are entirely covered by federal deposit insurance. Of the remaining balances, \$ 1,872,474 was covered by federal depository insurance coverage and \$ 50,219,402 was covered by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name.

Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the County to invest its funds under written investment policy (the "investment policy"). The investment policy primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policies, which excludes certain instruments allowed under chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

The County's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved by Commissioners Court. The investment policy includes lists of authorized investment instruments and allowable stated maturity of individual investments. In addition it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each investment option and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield. Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions (including broker/dealers) in which the County will deposit funds is addressed. The County's investment policy and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The County's management believes it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the County's investment policy.

The County's Investment Officer submits an investment report each quarter to the Commissioners Court. The report details the investment positions of the County and the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas state law.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments - Continued

The County is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines of the investment policy:

- 1. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 2. Direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 3. No-load money market mutual funds: regulated by SEC, with a dollar-weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less, includes in its investment objectives the maintenance of a stable \$ 1.00 net asset value per each share, and limited in quantity to the requirements, set forth in Chapter 2256, Government Code Section 2256.014;
- 4. Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities;
- 5. Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent;
- 6. Certificates of deposit if issued by a state or national bank domiciled in the State of Texas and is: guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, secured in any manner and amount provided by law for deposits of the County;
- 7. Fully collateralized repurchase agreements, if it: has a defined termination date, is secured by obligations described by Section 2256.009(a)(1) of the Public Funds Investment Act, requires the securities being purchased by the County to be pledged to the County, held in the County's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the County or with a third party selected and approved by the County, is placed through a primary government securities dealer, approved by the County, or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas;
- 8. Commercial paper is an authorized investment, if the commercial paper: has a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of its issuance, and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit agencies or one nationally recognized credit rating agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state;
- 9. Eligible investment pools if the Commissioners Court by resolution authorizes investment in the particular pool. An investment pool shall invest funds it receives from entities in authorized investments permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act. The County by contract may delegate to an investment pool the authority to hold legal title as custodian of investments purchased with its local funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments - Continued

As of December 31, 2020, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average <u>Maturity (Days)</u>
Certificates of Deposit U.S. Agency Securities	\$ 1,622,474 1,023,915	823 1,067
Total	\$ <u>8,438,227</u>	917

Credit Risk - As of December 31, 2020, the United States securities and agencies are rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's and P-1 by Moody's (which represent 38.69% of the investment portfolio) were covered by private insurance and the certificates of deposit (which represents 61.31% of the investment portfolio) were covered by FDIC, respectively, therefore, the County does not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County limits its exposure to interest rate risk by diversifying its investments by security type and institution. County policy will be that the maximum allowable stated maturity of an individual investment for operating funds shall not exceed five years, unless a temporary extension of maturities is approved by Commissioners County. The maximum average maturity shall be two years.

Fair Value Measures

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Fair Value Measures - Continued

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the County's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2020:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total	
U.S. Agency Securities	\$ <u>1,023,915</u>	\$	\$	\$	1,023,915	
Total assets at fair value	\$ <u>1,023,915</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$_	1,023,915	

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of December 31, 2020, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Major Funds	Non-Major Funds	
	General	General Governmental	
Receivables:	Fund	Funds	Funds
Property taxes Accounts	\$ 17,686,948	. ,	\$ 17,848,841
Due from other governments Accrued interest	55,662 931,856 11,324	1,987 787,051	57,649 1,718,907 11,324
Gross receivables	18,685,790	950,931	19,636,721
Less allowance for uncollectibles:			
Property taxes	77,572	239	77,811
Net receivables	\$ <u>18,608,218</u>	\$ <u>950,692</u>	\$ <u>19,558,910</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Receivables From Other Governments

The County participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to, partially or fully, finance certain activities. In addition, the County receives entitlements from the State through the legislative actions and taxes collected by the State on behalf of the County (other taxes). All federal grants shown below are either direct or passed through state or local agencies and are reported on the financial statements as due from other governments.

Amounts due from federal, state, and local governments as of December 31, 20 are summarized below:

	Federal Grants		Other	Total		
Major Governmental Funds: General Fund Non-major governmental funds	\$ 189,898 780,740	\$	741,958 <u>6,311</u>	\$	931,856 787,051	
Total	\$ 970,638	\$_	748,269	\$_	1,718,907	

Judicial Receivables

Judicial receivables are reported in the governmental activities statement of net position. Since these receivables do not represent current available resources, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The allowance for uncollectible receivables related to the County's various court assessments is determined based on historical experience and evaluation of collectability in relation to the aging of customer accounts. The following is a summary of the receivable and allowance for uncollectible as of December 31, 2020:

	Judicial <u>Receivable</u>			llowance for Incollectible Accounts	Net 		
Judicial Receivables: Justices of the Peace County Courts District Courts	\$	6,690,809 2,599,706 5,570,079	\$	4,402,833 2,301,870 5,411,427	\$	2,287,976 297,836 158,652	
Total	\$	14,860,594	\$_	12,116,130	\$₌	2,744,464	

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of December 31, 2020, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

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Deferred Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue - Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

	General	Governmental	
	Fund	Funds	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Delinquent property taxes			
receivable	\$21,577,812	\$ 197,582	\$21,775,394
Unearned Revenue:			
Federal grants	120,000		120,000
State grants		38,839	38,839
Other	50,800		50,800
Total	\$ <u>21,748,612</u>	\$ <u>236,421</u>	\$ <u>21,985,033</u>

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities defer the recognition of pension expense for contributions made from the measurement date to the current year end of December 31, 2020 and report these as deferred outflows of resources. Governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of December 31, 2020, the various components of deferred outflows and inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental activities were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Unearned Revenue
Pension Related:			
Differences between expected and actual experience Net differences between projected and actual	\$ 16,182	\$ 224,633 1,429,165	•
Changes in assumptions	63,404		
Subsequent contributions	1,546,312		
OPEB related:			
Differences between expected and actual experience		643,652	
Changes in assumptions	3,836,105		
Property taxes		20,900,497	
Unearned Revenue:			
Federal grants			120,000
State grants			38,839
Self-insurance			221,957
Other			50,800
Totals	\$5,462,003	\$	\$431,596

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	12-31-20
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 1,100,207 41,682
Total		¢ 1 1 / 1 990

Total

<u>1,141,889</u> \$_

Interfund receivables and payables represent short-term borrowings primarily for cash flow purposes. These short-term borrowings for reimbursement grants include and some revenue or expenditures/expense adjustments between funds at or near year-end.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020 consisted of the following individual fund transfers in and transfers out:

Transferring Fund	Receiving Fund	12-31-20
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$
Total		\$ <u>107,214</u>

Total

The Commissioners Court approved these transfers, as transfers of operational funds to cover planned expenditures/expenses.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Transactions

		Balance 01-01-20		Additions		Retirements		justments & Transfers	Balance 12-31-20
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:		4 470 000	•	00.000	-	•			 4 500 470
Land Construction in progress	\$ 	1,470,669 <u>179,757</u>	\$ _	29,809 288,407	9,	Þ 	\$ 	150,951)	\$ 1,500,478 <u>317,213</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	1,650,426	_	318,216			(150,951)	 1,817,691
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Vehicles and equipment Buildings and improvements Infrastructure	_	14,801,107 15,887,320 46,486,909	_	1,528,220 63,570 2,183,510		91,937		150,951	 16,237,390 16,101,841 <u>50,670,419</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	79,175,336	_	3,775,300		91,937		150,951	 83,009,650

(continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Capital Transactions - Continued

		Balance 01-01-20		Additions	_	Retirements	Ac	ljustments & Transfers		Balance 12-31-20
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Vehicles and equipment Buildings and improvements Infrastructure	\$	9,916,847 7,303,649 <u>38,576,801</u>	\$	836,516 361,657 <u>587,151</u>	\$	91,937	\$		\$ 	10,661,426 7,665,306 <u>39,163,952</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	_	55,797,297	_	1,785,324		91,937		-0-	_	57,490,684
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	23,378,039	_	1,989,976			_	150,951	_	25,518,966
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	25,028,465	\$_	2,308,192	\$		\$	-0-	\$_	27,336,657

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the County received equipment from various sources totaling \$ 168,467.

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to functional categories of the County as follows:

	12-31-20
Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 54,757
Justice system	5,331
Public safety	440,439
Corrections and rehabilitations	7,201
Health and human services	5,451
Community and economic development	8,694
Infrastructure and environmental services	<u> </u>
Total depreciation expense	\$ <u>1,785,324</u>

Construction Commitments

There were no construction commitments as of December 31, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 6 - DISAGGREGATION OF ACCOUNTS AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES PAYABLE

Accounts and accrued liabilities payable as of December 31, 2020, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Governmental Funds
	Other General Governmental <u>Fund Funds Total</u>
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable: Vendors Other governments Accrued compensation Due to others	\$ 796,577 \$ 197,208 \$ 993,785 156,161 628 156,789 497,598 497,598 289,429 160,490 449,919
Total	\$ <u>1,739,765</u>
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable:	Fiduciary Funds
Vendors Restitution payable	\$ 7,755 <u>51,821</u>
Total	\$ <u>59,576</u>

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Certificate of Obligation Bonded Debt

Certificates of obligations payable at December 31, 2020, are summarized as follows:

			Series Dates		Bonds
	Interest Rate %	Issued	Maturity	Callable	Outstanding <u>12-31-20</u>
Certificates of Obligation Bonds Taxable Series 2015	1.704 - 4.627	2015	2035	2025	2,305,000
Total					\$ <u>2,305,000</u>
Certificates of obligation bond tran	sactions for th	ne year ended [December 31, 2	020 were as f	ollows:
Bonds outstanding January	1 2020				\$ 2420.000

Bonds outstanding, January 1, 2020	\$ 2,420,000
Maturities	(<u> 115,000</u>)
Bonds outstanding, December 31, 2020	\$ <u>2,305,000</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Certificate of Obligation Bonded Debt - Continued

The bond ordinances require that a tax be levied sufficient to pay current interest and create a sinking fund of not less than the amount to pay current principal and interest. The current year tax levy was set to utilize the excess fund balance above the bond ordinance requirement. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the amount of ad valorem taxes collected for interest and sinking were \$ 192,373, while the debt service requirements for principal and interest was \$ 189,912. The bond resolutions provide no express remedies in the event of default and make no provision for acceleration of maturity of the bonds.

On August 24, 2015 the County sold \$ 2,750,000 of Certificate of Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series 2015. These bonds were issued for the purpose of county-wide improvements to various capital assets within the County.

The following is a summary of certificate of obligation bond requirements by year as of December 31, 2020:

Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal	 nterest	<u>Re</u>	Total quirement
2021	\$	120,000	\$ 70,988	\$	190,988
2022		125,000	67,312		192,312
2023		130,000	63,488		193,488
2024		135,000	59,512		194,512
2025		140,000	55,388		195,388
2026-2030		755,000	211,012		966,012
2031-2035		900,000	 79,631		<u>979,631</u>
Total	\$	<u>2,305,000</u>	\$ 607,331	\$	<u>2,912,331</u>

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Transactions for the year ended December 31, 2020 are summarized as follows:

		Balance 01-01-20		Issues or Additions		Payments or Expenditures		Balance 12-31-20		ue Within Dne Year
Governmental Type Activities:		01-01-20		Auditions		.xperialures		12-31-20		
Certificate of obligation bonds	\$	2,420,000	\$		\$	115,000	\$	2,305,000	\$	120,000
Capital leases		631,650		134,779		267,906		498,523		172,866
Compensated absences		523,229		267,747		282,363		508,613		365,895
Net pension liability		7,705,909		2,039,178		6,542,347		3,202,740		
Total OPEB liability		23,748,070		6,765,869		1,842,709		28,671,230		
Premium on bonds		47,015			_	3,057		43,958		3,057
Total governmental activities	\$_	<u>35,075,873</u>	\$_	9,207,573	\$₌	9,053,382	\$_	35,230,064	\$_	<u>661,818</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Changes in Long-Term Debt - Continued

Bonded debt is funded primarily by property taxes from the Debt Service Fund. Compensated absences are payable by the fund in which the individual positions are budgeted. General Fund and the various special revenue funds have been used to fund current pension and OPEB costs.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

Capital Leases

The County has entered into several capital lease agreements for the purchase of vehicles and equipment. Payments for the leases during the year ended amounted to principal in the amount of \$ 267,906 and interest in the amount of \$ 17,252. Payments, including interest for vehicles and equipment are due as follows as of December 31, 2020:

Year Ended December 31,		
2021	\$	189,399
2022		189,400
2023		101,053
2024		<u>53,519</u>
Total future lease payments		533,371
Less: Amount representing interest	<u>(</u>	34,848)
	\$	498,523

NOTE 9 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of more than 799 non-traditional defined benefit plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 79768-2034.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 9 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

All eligible employees of the County are required to participate in TCDRS.

The plan provisions are adopted by Commissioner's Court of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Plan provisions for the County were as follows:

	<u> Plan Year 2019</u>	<u> Plan Year 2020</u>
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Employer deposit rate	14.83%	14.83%
Matching ratio (County to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	8	8
Service retirement eligibility	60/8, 0/30	60/8, 0/30
(expressed as age/years of service)		

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	211
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	164
Active employees	245
	620

Contributions - The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee compensation, and the employer matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the employer. Under the state laws governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each employer is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Participating employers are required to contribute at the actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience. In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 9 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Employees of the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The County's required contribution rates are 14.38% and 14.38% in calendar years 2020 and 2019, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$ 1,546,312.

Net Pension Liability - The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.75% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Except where indicated in the section of this GASB 68 report entitled "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for GASB Calculations", the assumptions used in this analysis for the December 31, 2019 financial reporting metrics are the same as those used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation analysis for Matagorda County.

Following is a description of the assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation analysis for Matagorda County. This information may also be found in the Matagorda County December 31, 2019 Summary Valuation Report.

Economic Assumptions:

TCDRS System-Wide Economic Assumptions

Real rate of return	5.25%
Inflation	2.75%
Long-term investment return	8.00%

The assumed long-term investment return of 8% is net after investment and administrative expenses. It is assumed returns will equal the nominal annual rate of 8% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.25% (made up of 2.75% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.

Employer Specific Economic Assumptions

Growth in membership	0.00%
Payroll growth	3.25%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 9 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.10%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TCDRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on the April 2020 information for a 10 year horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon. The most recent analysis was performed in 2017. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	14.50%	5.20%
Private Equities	Cambridge Associates Global Private		
	Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾	20.00%	8.20%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) index	2.50%	5.50%
International Equities – Developed	MSCI World Ex ÚSA (net) index	7.00%	5.20%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) index	7.00%	5.70%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond I	ndex 3.00%	0.20%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	3.14%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.16%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securitie		
	Index ⁽⁴⁾	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 3		
	S&P Global Real Estate Index	3.00%	4.50%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	8.40%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁵⁾	6.00%	5.50%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund		
	Of Funds Composite Index	8.00%	2.30%
Total		100.00%	8.10%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the June 2020 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.80%, per Cliffwater's 2020 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

NOTE 9 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Discount Rate - The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payment results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which

 (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the
 benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to
 that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return,
 calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not include in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future value, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 9 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.10%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8.00%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Ν	Plan Fiduciary let Position (b)	N	et Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance as of December 31, 2018 Changes for the Year:	\$	56,862,231	\$	49,156,322	\$	7,705,909
Service cost Interest on total pension liability (1) Effect of plan changes (2) Effect of economic/demographic		1,208,668 4,558,509				1,208,668 4,558,509 -0-
gains or losses Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(70,789)			(70,789) -0-
Refunds of contributions Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income	(189,182)	(189,182) 1,501,212 708,666 8,073,918	((-0- 1,501,212) 708,666) 8,073,918)
Benefit payment, Administrative expense Other changes ⁽³⁾	(3,468,029)	(((3,468,029) 42,444) <u>41,735</u>)	` 	-0- 42,444 <u>41,795</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$	58,901,409	\$_	55,698,668	\$	3,202,740

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability of the county, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage-point higher (9.10%) than the current rate:

		6 Decrease In iscount Rate (7.10%)		iscount Rate (8.10%)		6 Increase In scount Rate (9.10%)
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	65,678,669 55,698,669	\$	58,901,409 55,698,669	\$	53,142,871 55,698,669
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$_	9,980,000	\$_	3,202,740	\$ <u>(</u>	2,555,798)

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 9 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Pension Expense:	Year Ended 12-31-19
Service cost	\$ 1,208,668
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾	4,558,509
Effect of plan changes	-0-
Administrative expenses	42,444
Member contributions	(708,666)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(3,920,841)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources:	(· · ·)
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(413,826)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	63,404
Recognition of investment gains or losses	317,745
Other ⁽²⁾	41,795
Pension expense	\$ <u>1,189,232</u>

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Related to allocation of system-wide items.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - At December 31, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	eferred utflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	16,182	\$	224,633 1,429,165
Changes in assumptions		63,404		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date ⁽³⁾		1,546,312		
Totals	\$ <u></u>	<u>1,625,898</u>	\$_	1,653,798

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended December 31,		
2021	\$(392,541)
2022	(520,063)
2023		169,009
2024	(830,617)
2025		-0-
Thereafter ⁽⁴⁾		-0-

⁽³⁾ If eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in GASB No. 71.

(4) Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description - The County's defined benefit OPEB plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits to plan members of the County. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the County. Local Government Code Section 157.101 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to Commissioners Court. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided - The plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees. Benefits are provided by a self-insured plan through the Texas Association of Counties Health and Employee Benefits Pool for the medical plan under age 65. The Medicare Supplement is underwritten by Hartford Life & Accident Insurance Company. A Medicare supplement is available for Medicare eligible retirees with the County. The retiree is responsible for paying any additional costs for dependent coverage elected.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of December 31, 2020:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	113
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	203
	316

Contributions - Local Government Code Section 157.102 assigns to Commissioners Court the authority to establish and amend contribution requirements of the plan members. The County may contribute all, part of, or none of the premium payment. The County's contribution, if any, will be determined annually by Commissioners Court during the County budget process and will be effective on a fiscal year basis. The County does not contribute toward the cost of coverage for retirees who do not meet the eligibility requirements. The County pays no more for retiree healthcare than the premium it pays for active employees.

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the total benefit payments made to the plan were \$ 1,062,400. The total benefit payments made include explicit benefit payments made by the County of \$ 1,062,400.

Total OPEB Liability - The County's total OPEB liability of \$ 28,671,230 was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry-Age
Discount rate	2.12%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50%
Health care trend rates	Level trend rate of 4.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Total Table with projection MP-2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31, 2017, as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System.

Discount Rate - For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of a 20-year general obligation bond with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this valuation, the municipal bond rate is 2.12% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "Bond Buyer GO-20 bond index").

Changes in Total OPEB Liability - The changes in the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

		Total OPEB Liability
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability	\$	1,117,591 997,713
Difference between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions	(780,309) 4,650,565
Benefit payments	(1,033,600)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2019		4,951,960 23,748,070
Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2020	\$	28,671,230

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 2.12%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (1.12%) or 1 percentage-point higher (3.12%) than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease In	1		1%	6 Increase In
	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate
		(1.12%)		(2.12%)		(3.12%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	34,100,845	\$	28,671,230	\$	24,414,001

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 4.50%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate of 1 percentage-point lower (3.50%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease In	1% Increase In
	Healthcare Cost Healthcare	Cost Healthcare Cost
	Trend Rate Trend Rate (3.50%) (4.50%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 23,987,232 \$ 28,671,2	230 \$ 34,840,519

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Total OPEB Expense:	Year Ended 12-31-20
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ 1,117,591 997,713 (136,657) <u>814,460</u>
Total OPEB expense	\$ <u>2,793,107</u>

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At December 31, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Deferred
	Outflows of Inflows of
Schedule of Deferred Outflows/(Inflows)	Resources Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption	\$ \$ 643,652 <u>3,836,105</u>
Total	\$ <u>3,836,105</u> \$ <u>643,652</u>
Year Ended	Net Outflows/
December 31,	(Inflows)
2021	\$ 677,803
2022	677,803
2023	677,803
2024	677,803
2025	481,241
2026	-0-

NOTE 11 - SELF INSURANCE HEALTH COVERAGE

During the year ended December 31, 2014 employees of the County were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The County contributed monthly per employee, spouse, child and family to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions for dependents in excess of the County contribution. All contributions were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the self-funded pool. The plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2., Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract between the County and the third party administrator is renewable October 1, 2017, and terms of coverage and contribution costs are included in the contractual provisions. In accordance with state statute, the County was protected against unanticipated catastrophic individual or aggregate loss b stop-loss coverage carried through Texas Association of Counties Health Employee Benefit Program and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas, a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in Texas in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code. Stop-loss coverage was in effect for individual claims exceeding \$ 100,000 and for aggregate loss. Other governmental entities and/or their employees contributed to the self-insurance pool which was operated under contractual provisions of Article 4413(32c), Interlocal Cooperation Act. Each member to the extent its benefit plan is self-insured, remain responsible for the payment of benefits under the benefit plan in the event HEBP fails to make such payments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 11 - SELF INSURANCE HEALTH COVERAGE - Continued

The internal service fund is funded by charges to the County's other funds and other governmental units and is based upon a predetermined fixed amount per employee, spouse, child and family. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonable estimated. The County considers claims paid in the three months following the fiscal year end to be a reasonable estimate of claims liability.

Changes in the balance of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	20192020
Unpaid claims, beginning Claims incurred Claims paid	\$ 179,025 \$ 186,081 3,045,179 3,563,911 <u>(3,038,123)</u> <u>(3,311,378</u>)
Unpaid claims, ending	\$ <u>186,081</u> \$ <u>438,614</u>

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

The County is contingently liable in respect to lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Such lawsuits include various civil claims that are currently between the stages of discovery and pleadings. The outcome of these lawsuits and other claims are not presently determinable and the resolutions of these matters are not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

NOTE 13 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

As of December 31, 2020, one fund of the County had a deficit fund balance as itemized below:

	 2020
Fund Balances:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Disaster Fund	\$ 419,403

Deficit balances will either be offset by future revenues or reimbursed by other funds. The disaster fund would be reimbursed by the General Fund.

NOTE 14 - GRANTS, ENTITLEMENTS AND SHARED REVENUES

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the County applied for and received federal and state grants related to various activities. The operations of these grants are reported in the general fund and various special revenue funds. For the most part, these grants are reimbursement type grants, therefore, revenues equal expenditures. Grant revenues are classified as intergovernmental revenues. The federal financial assistance programs are covered by the requirements of the Single Audit Act and the Uniform Guidance.

The state financial assistance programs are covered by the State of Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards). A single audit was performed on the federal financial assistance programs as the federal financial assistance programs met the \$750,000 threshold, while the state financial assistance programs did not.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 15 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The County enters into property tax abatement agreements with taxpayers under the State Property Tax Abatement Act, Tax Code Chapter 312. Under the act, the County may enter into a local agreement with a taxpayer that exempts all or part of the increase in the value of the real property and/or tangible personal property from taxation for a period not to exceed 10 years. Tax abatements are an economic development toll available to the County to attract new industries and to engage in the retention and development of existing businesses through property tax exemptions or reductions.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County abated property taxes totaling \$ 6,266,321 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreement:

• A 100 percent property tax abatement to a steel pipe production company for the construction of a new plant and to create 600 full-time jobs. The County agreed to recapture a prorated amount of abated taxes if the conditions of the agreement are not met through the claw back payment clause. The County's agreement determines the percentage amount and duration of the tax abatement which is not to exceed twenty-five years. In the case of the Company exceed the job target, the County committed to providing an additional "Surplus Job Credit" incentive to the Company.

NOTE 16 - EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through June 25, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General Fund							
		Budgeted Amounts Actual				Actual		ariance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	20,518,631 771,100 290,803 4,520,079 412,000 190,000 161,700	\$	20,518,631 771,100 1,985,255 4,520,349 412,000 190,000 459,100	\$	20,415,290 794,226 2,548,358 4,612,127 360,568 454,770 398,305	\$(103,341) 23,126 563,103 91,778 (51,432) 264,770 <u>60,795</u>)
Total revenues		26,864,313		28,856,435	_	29,583,644		727,209
Expenditures Current: General government Justice system Public safety Corrections and rehabilitation Health and human services Community and economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	_	5,993,950 4,043,268 4,097,488 2,719,373 1,333,409 1,214,116 4,751,309 2,369,174 350,969 16,757	_	6,025,813 4,041,538 5,188,079 2,694,373 1,336,261 1,244,633 5,268,394 4,186,269 281,344 17,214	_	5,668,751 3,554,909 3,523,898 2,618,205 1,241,351 1,130,639 4,246,054 3,880,279 267,906 17,252	(357,062 486,629 1,664,181 76,168 94,910 113,994 1,022,340 305,990 13,438 <u>38</u>)
Total expenditures		26,889,813		30,283,918		26,149,244		4,134,674
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(25,500)	(1,427,483)	_	3,434,400		4,861,883
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Capital lease issuance Transfers in Transfers out	(5,000 27,500 <u>7,000</u>)	(18,256 27,501 <u>9,032</u>)	(13,255 134,779 27,500 79,714)	((5,001) 134,779 1) <u>70,682</u>)
Total other financing sources (uses)		25,500		36,725		95,820		59,095
Change in fund balance		-0-	(1,390,758)		3,530,220		4,920,978
Fund balance - beginning		18,271,510	`	18,271,510		18,271,510		-0-
Fund balance - ending	\$	18,271,510	\$	16,880,752	\$	21,801,730	\$	4,920,978

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS With a measurement date of December 31,

T (10) 1 1 1 1 1		2019		2018		2017		2016
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes	\$	1,208,668 4,558,509	\$	1,252,718 4,412,150	\$	1,179,188 4,206,623	\$	1,245,749 4,084,781
Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains)						253,616		
or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(70,789) <u>3,657,210</u>)	((343,083) <u>3,291,561</u>)	(64,730 <u>3,191,023</u>)	(1,306,164) <u>2,990,057</u>)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		2,039,178		2,030,224		2,513,134		1,034,309
Total Pension Liability - beginning		56,862,231		54,832,007		52,318,873		51,284,564
Total Pension Liability - ending (a)	\$	58,901,409	\$	56,862,231	\$	54,832,007	\$	52,318,873
Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expense Other	\$ ((1,501,212 708,666 8,073,918 3,657,210) 42,444) 41,795)	(1,394,276 658,638 (972,120) 3,291,561) 39,483) 31,735)	(1,375,431 649,226 6,691,662 3,191,023) 34,208) 26,742)	Ì	1,273,638 601,183 3,299,098 2,990,057) 35,887) 837,728)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		6,542,347		(2,281,985)		5,464,346		1,310,247
Fiduciary Net Position - beginning		49,156,322		51,438,307		45,973,961		44,663,714
Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	\$	55,698,669	\$	49,156,322	\$	51,438,307	\$	45,973,961
Net Pension Liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$	3,202,740	\$	7,705,909	\$	3,393,700	\$	6,344,912
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		94.56%		86.45%		93.81%		87.87%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	10,123,800	\$	9,409,109	\$	9,274,658	\$	8,564,214
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		31.64%		81.90%		36.59%		74.09%

Note - This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 67/68, they should not be shown here. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

Exhibit 10

	2015	_	2014
\$ (1,061,294 3,949,923 163,313) 559,506	\$	1,037,018 3,723,454
(710,572) <u>2,868,547</u>)	(629,628 2,734,719)
	1,828,291		2,655,381
	49,456,273	_	46,800,892
\$	51,284,564	\$_	49,456,273
\$ ((1,250,595 592,700 252,706 2,868,547) 32,500) 272,746)	\$ ((537,553 2,975,354 2,734,719)
(1,077,792)		2,321,130
	45,741,506	_	43,420,376
\$	44,663,714	\$_	45,741,506
\$	6,620,850	\$_	3,714,767
\$	87.09% 8,467,148	\$	92.49% 7,679,332
	78.19%		48.37%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS For the Ten Years Ended December 31,

	Actuarially Determined Contribution ⁽¹⁾		Actual Employer Contribution ⁽¹⁾		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of <u>Covered Payroll</u>
2011	\$	960,737	\$ 960,831	\$(94) \$	5 7,547,030	12.7%
2012		952,777	952,777		-0-	7,228,971	13.2%
2013		1,039,449	1,039,449)	-0-	7,542,912	13.8%
2014		1,149,603	1,149,603		-0-	7,679,332	15.0%
2015		1,250,595	1,250,595		-0-	8,467,148	14.8%
2016		1,270,073	1,273,638	(3,565)	8,564,214	14.9%
2017		1,311,437	1,375,431	(63,994)	9,274,658	14.8%
2018		1,347,384	1,394,280	(46,896)	9,409,109	14.8%
2019		1,380,737	1,501,197	· (120,460)	10,122,702	14.8%
2020		1,422,232	1,546,312	: (124,080)	10,426,921	14.8%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS With a Measurement Date of December 31,

Total OPEB liability	2020	2019	2018
Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ 1,117,591 997,713 (780,309)	\$ 1,117,591 911,660	\$ 1,073,574 914,856
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	4,650,565	(1,033,600)	(952,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	4,923,160	995,651	1,036,430
Total OPEB liability - beginning	23,748,070	22,752,419	21,715,989
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ <u>28,671,230</u>	\$ <u>23,748,070</u>	\$ <u>22,752,419</u>
Covered payroll	\$ <u>8,457,075</u>	\$ <u>7,592,004</u>	\$ <u>7,592,004</u>
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	<u> </u>	% <u>312.80</u> %	% <u>299.69</u> %

Notes to schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS

Valuation Date	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated
	each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal
	year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	8.2 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2019 valuation)
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumption were reflected 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provisions Schedule of Employer Contributions*	 2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017. 2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

* Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to the Schedule.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

District Attorney Legal/Law Fund - This fund is used to account for the transactions related to hot check fees of the district attorney's office and funds awarded to the County from forfeitures and state funds for the district attorney.

Sheriff & Jail Discretionary Fund - This fund is used to account for the transactions related to forfeited funds and inmate commissary sales.

County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund - This fund is used to account for the fees collected by the County Clerk for records management and preservation.

Countywide Records Management Preservation Fund - This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County Clerk for records management and preservation.

Courthouse Security Fund - This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County Court, District Court and JP Court for courthouse security.

Justice Court Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for fees collected by the District Clerk specifically for justice court technology.

District Clerk Records Management Preservation Fund - This fund is used to account for fees collected by the District Clerk for records management and preservation.

County & District Court Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County Clerk specifically for county and district court technology.

Disaster Fund - This fund is used to account for the expenditures during Hurricane Harvey and during a state of emergency situation separate from regular operating transactions.

Joint Task Force Fund - This fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements related to the Joint Task Force activities including joint seizures by Matagorda County, City of Bay City and City of Palacios.

Intergovernmental Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for federal /and state grants passed through other governments.

Historical Commission Fund - This fund is used to account for grant proceeds and local match for the purpose of conducting a historic resource survey in Matagorda County.

CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund - This fund is used to account for grant funds associated with Presidentially declared disasters for long-term recovery efforts.

Matagorda Water & Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursements related to the Texas Community Development Grant for the purpose of wastewater system improvements within the Matagorda County limits in Matagorda, Texas.

Juvenile Probation Fund - This fund is used to account for Texas Juvenile Justice Division grant fund for administering the juvenile probation program and for the receipt and disbursements of fees collected by the Juvenile Probation Department.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Fund

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources from governmental resources and the payments of general obligation debt principal, interest and related costs.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of those resources related to the retiring of the Series 2015 Certificates of Obligation issued for capital repairs and improvements to existing County buildings, and the payment of costs of issuance and professional services related thereto.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the capital projects spending related to the use of proceeds of the Series 2015 Certificates of Obligation.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2020

December 31, 2020						Special
		District Attorney Legal/Law Fund	I	Sheriff & Jail Discretionary Fund		County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund
Assets and deferred outflows of resources Assets:						
Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes	\$	150,876	\$	249,912	\$	582,809
Accounts Due from other governments Due from other funds	_	1,165		511	_	223
Total assets		152,041		250,423		583,032
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources					_	
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	152,041	\$	250,423	\$_	583,032
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	22,111	\$	141,928 50	\$	6,331
Total liabilities	_	22,111		141,978	_	6,331
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources	_				_	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-
Fund balance: Restricted Unassigned	_	129,930		108,445	_	576,701
Total fund balance		129,930		108,445	_	576,701
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	152,041	\$	250,423	\$_	583,032

Revenue Funds Countywide Records Management Preservation Fund		Courthouse Security Fund		Justice Court Technology Fund		District Clerk Records Management Preservation Fund		County & District Court Technology Fund		Disaster Fund
\$ 70,556	\$	132,946	\$	23,555	\$	91,521	\$	105,150	\$	
6		37		16	_	17	_	12		644,688 30,465
70,562	_	132,983	_	23,571	_	91,538	_	105,162	_	675,153
-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
<u> </u>	\$_	132,983	\$	23,571	\$_	91,538	\$_	105,162	\$	675,153
5	\$	5,601	\$		\$	i	\$		\$	1,094,556
-0-	_	5,601	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	1,094,556
	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
70,562	_	127,382		23,571	_	91,538	_	105,162	(419,403
70,562		127,382		23,571	_	91,538		105,162	(419,403
570,562	\$_	132,983	\$	23,571	\$_	91,538	\$_	105,162	\$	675,153

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

December 31, 2020

December 31, 2020						Special
	T Fr	oint ask orce und	6	overnmental Grants Fund		Historical Commission Fund
Assets and deferred outflows of resources Assets:						
Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts	\$	524	\$	37,301	\$	21,123
Due from other governments Due from other funds				111,902	_	
Total assets		524		149,203		22,123
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources						
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-		-0-	_	-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	524	\$	149,203	\$_	22,123
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	524	\$	149,203	\$	
Total liabilities		524		149,203	_	-0-
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources						
Total deferred inflows of resources		-0-		-0-	_	-0-
Fund balance: Restricted Unassigned						22,123
Total fund balance		-0-		-0-	_	22,123
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	524	\$	149,203	\$	22,123

Revenue Funds

	CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund		Matagorda Water & Sewer Fund		Juvenile Probation Funds		Total Special Revenue Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Funds
\$		\$		\$	54,949	\$	1,522,222	\$	67,389	\$	778,813
					-0-		-0- 1,987		161,654		
			24,150		11,217		780,740 41,682		6,311		
_	-0-		24,150		66,166		2,346,631		235,354		778,813
											-0-
	-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
\$	-0-	\$	24,150	\$	66,166	\$	2,346,631	\$	235,354	\$	778,813
\$		\$	24,150	\$	14,079 <u>38,839</u>	\$	358,326 1,100,207 <u>38,839</u>	\$		\$	
_	-0-		24,150		52,918		1,497,372		-0-		-0-
_					-0-		-0-		197,582		
_	-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		197,582		-0-
_				_	13,248	(1,268,662 <u>419,403</u>)		37,772		778,813
_	-0-		-0-		13,248		849,259		37,772		778,813
\$	-0-	\$	24,150	\$	66,166	\$	2,346,631	\$	235,354	\$	778,813

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued December 31, 2020

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Fund
Assets and deferred outflows of resources Assets:	
Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$ 2,368,424
Taxes Accounts	161,654 1,987
Due from other governments	787,051
Due from other funds	41,682
Total assets	3,360,798
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources	0
Deletted outliows of resources	0-
Total deferred outflows of resources	-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u>3,360,798</u>
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance Liabilities:	
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$ 358,326
Due to other funds	1,100,207
Unearned revenue	38,839
Total liabilities	1,497,372
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources	407 500
Deletted innows of resources	197,582
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u> </u>
Fund balance:	
Restricted Unassigned	2,085,247 (<u>419,403</u>)
Total fund balance	1,665,844
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ <u>3,360,798</u>



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			opoolai
	District Attorney Legal/Law Fund	Sheriff & Jail Discretionary Fund	County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$	\$	\$
Intergovernmental	φ	φ	φ
Charges for services	33,022		164,104
Fines		25,589	0.040
Investment income Miscellaneous	1,174	268 54,489	6,643
Miscellaneous			
Total revenues	34,196	80,346	170,567
Expenditures: Current: General government Justice system Public safety Corrections and rehabilitation Community and economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	3,164	3,036 42,214	34,243
Total expenditures	3,164	45,250	34,243
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	31,032	35,096	136,324
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(27,500		100,024
Total other financing sources (uses)	(27,500) <u>-0-</u>	-0-
Change in fund balance	3,532	35,096	136,324
Fund balance - beginning	126,398	73,349	440,377
Fund balance - ending	\$129,930	\$108,445	\$ <u> </u>

Special

Countywide Records Management Preservation Fund	Courthouse Security Fund	Justice Court Technology Fund	District Clerk Records Management Preservation Fund	County & District Court Technology Fund	Disaster Fund
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
8,784	19,809	6,639	7,404	6,364	920,957
845	1,532	285	1,088	1,263	
9,629	21,341	6,924	8,492	7,627	920,957
3,482		8,923			805,880
					484,680
3,482-	0-	8,923		0-	1,290,540
6,147	21,341	(<u>1,999</u>)	8,492	7,627	<u>(</u>
-0-					0-
6,147	21,341	(1,999)	8,492	7,627	(369,583
	106,041	25,570	83,046	97,535	<u>(</u> 49,820
64,415	100,041				•

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	Joint Task Forces Fund	Intergovernmental Grants Fund \$ 219,153	\$	Historical Commission Fund
Charges for services Fines Investment income Miscellaneous		8,360			321
Total revenues		8,360	219,153	_	321
Expenditures: Current: General government Justice system Public safety Corrections and rehabilitation Community and economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges		51,394	291,867	_	7,698
Total expenditures		51,394	291,867	_	7,698
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(43,034)	(72,714) (_	7,377)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out			72,714	_	7,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	72,714	_	7,000
Net change in fund balances	(43,034)	-0-	(377)
Fund balance - beginning		43,034		_	22,500
Fund balance - ending	\$	-0-	\$	\$_	22,123

Special

Revenue Funds

 CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund	Disaster Water & Recovery Sewer		Water & Juvenile Sewer Probation			Total Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund			Capital Projects Fund		
\$ 442,392	\$	59,450	\$	413,305	\$	2,055,257 246,126 33,949	\$	192,373	\$			
 				1,643		14,561 54,810		1,191				
 442,392		59,450		414,948		2,404,703		193,564		-0-		
442,392		59,450		414,870		37,725 426,957 860,290 42,214 7,698 1,278,389 -0-				44,740		
 						-0- -0-	_	115,000 74,912	-			
 442,392		59,450		414,870		2,653,273	_	189,912		44,770		
 -0-		-0-		78	(248,570)	_	3,652		(44,770)		
 					(79,714 <u>27,500</u>)	_		-			
 -0-		-0-		-0-		52,214	_	-0-		-0-		
-0-		-0-		78	(196,356)		3,652		(44,770)		
 				13,170		1,045,615	_	34,120		823,583		
\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$	13,248	\$	849,259	\$	37,772	\$	778,813		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Fund
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 192,373 2,055,257 246,126 33,949 15,752 54,810
Total revenues	2,598,267
Expenditures: Current: General government Justice system Public safety Corrections and rehabilitation Community and economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	37,725 426,957 860,290 42,214 7,698 1,278,389 44,770 115,000 74,912 2,887,955 (
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	79,714
Transfers out	(27,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	52,214
Change in fund balances	(237,474)
Fund balance - beginning	1,903,318
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>1,665,844</u>

Exhibit 14 Page 3 of 3



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Exhibit 15 Page 1 of 8

								Variance With Final Budget
		Budgetec	Amo			Actual		Positive
General Government:		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
County Judge:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	208,887	\$	208,887	\$	207,628	\$	1,259
Operating expenditures	•	8,300	·	7,300	·	4,217	·	3,083
Total County Judge		217,187		216,187		211,845	_	4,342
Commissioners Court:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		42,922		42,922		42,649		273
Operating expenditures		191,800		235,700		158,928	_	76,772
Total Commissioners Court		234,722		278,622		201,577	_	77,045
County Clerk:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		403,065		403,065		401,120		1,945
Operating expenditures		34,900		34,470		24,751	_	9,719
Total County Clerk		437,965		437,535		425,871	_	11,664
Special District Services:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		750		750		747		3
Operating expenditures		2,850		2,850			_	2,850
Total Special District Services		3,600		3,600		747	_	2,853
Non-Departmental:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		200,000		200,000		200,000		-0-
Operating expenditures		2,093,371		2,019,959		2,017,554	_	2,405
Total Non-Departmental		2,293,371		2,219,959		2,217,554	_	2,405
Election Cost:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		49,098		63,193		58,160		5,033
Operating expenditures		48,500		79,855		63,407		16,448
Capital outlay expenditures		27,000		1,000				1,000
Debt service expenditures		95,003		95,003		95,232	(229)
Total Election Cost		219,601		239,051		216,799	_	22,252
County Auditor:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		444,561		444,561		413,234		31,327
Operating expenditures		22,400		22,400		9,871		12,259
Total County Auditor		466,961		466,961		423,105	_	43,856
Human Resources:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		240,980		236,380		189,105		47,275
Operating expenditures		16,500		21,100		12,824	_	8,276
Total Human Resources		257,480		257,480		201,929	_	55,551

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Exhibit 15 Page 2 of 8

	Dudantor	- - - - - - - - - - - - -	Amour			Actual		Variance With Final Budget
	 Budgeted Original	<u>1 P</u>	Amour	Final	Amounts			Positive (Negative)
General Government - Continued: County Treasurer:	 Ongina	-		1 110		Anounts		(Negative)
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$ 166,768 20,175	9	\$	166,768 20,175	\$	166,120 <u>9,161</u>	\$	648 11,014
Total County Treasurer	 186,943			186,943	_	175,281	_	11,662
County Tax Assessor: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 674,012 80,700			674,012 80,700		669,420 59,627	_	4,592 21,073
Total County Tax Assessor	 754,712			754,712	_	729,047	_	25,665
Information Services: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	 156,140 347,095 <u>28,000</u>			156,140 335,678 36,800		154,955 326,043 36,657	_	1,185 9,635 14 <u>3</u>
Total Information Services	 532,035			528,618	_	517,655	_	10,963
County Office Building: Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	 179,500			173,272 6,228		116,422 6,228		56,580 -0-
Total County Office Building	 179,500			179,500	_	122,650	_	56,850
County Courthouse: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	 98,404 262,272			98,404 297,272 55,656		97,203 265,605 55,560	_	1,201 31,667 <u>96</u>
Total County Courthouse	 360,676			451,332	_	418,368	_	32,964
Right of Way: Capital outlay expenditures	 29,810			29,810		29,809		1
Total Right of Way	 29,810			29,810		29,809	_	1
Total General Government	 6,174,563			6,250,310		5,892,237	_	358,073
Justice System: County Court: Operating expenditures	19,800			19,800		16,8 <u>26</u>		2,974
Total County Court	 19,800			19,800		16,826	_	2,974
·	 10,000			10,000	_	10,020		2,014
23 rd District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 96,176 21,862			101,576 21,862		96,998 10,157	_	4,578 11,705
Total 23 rd District Court	 118,038			123,438		107,155		16,283

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Exhibit 15 Page 3 of 8

						Variance With Final Budget
	 Budgeted	d Ar		Actual		Positive
Justice System - Continued:	 Original	_	Final	 Amounts		(Negative)
District Court:						
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$ 206,417 43,937	\$	206,417 50,004	\$ 206,778 29,322	\$(361) 20,682
Operating experiationes	 +0,001			 23,022		20,002
Total District Court	 250,354		256,421	 236,100		20,321
Court Expenditures:						
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	113,015 438,100		113,015 337,403	95,349 243,560		17,666 93,843
		•				
Total Court Expenditures	 551,115		450,418	 338,909		111,509
Capital Murder Trial: Operating expenditures	24,155		74,155	56,900		17,255
	 <u> </u>					
Total Capital Murder Trial	 24,155		74,155	 56,900		17,255
District Clerk:	007.440		007.440	000.000		4.404
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	327,113 38,783		327,113 39,530	322,622 32,891		4,491 6,639
Total District Clerk	 365,896		366,643	 355,513		11,130
	 		000,010	 000,010		11,100
District Attorney: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	798,540		850,156	803,581		46,575
Operating expenditures	 62,750		75,635	 56,930		18,705
Total District Attorney	 861,290		925,791	 860,511		65,280
Justice of the Peace Precinct #1:						
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	174,741		174,741	161,580		13,161
Operating expenditures	 14,900		17,900	 14,070		3,830
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #1	 189,641		192,641	 175,650		16,991
Justice of the Peace Precinct #2:						
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	191,069 25,080		191,069 25,080	169,022 10,159		22,047 14,921
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #2	 216,149		216,149	 179,181		36,968
Justice of the Peace Precinct #3:	175 007		172 500	162 000		10.097
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	175,027 <u>8,750</u>		173,509 10,268	163,222 7,164		10,287 <u>3,104</u>
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #3	183,777		183,777	170,386		13,391
Justice of the Peace Precinct #4:						
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	169,898		169,188	162,171		7,017
Operating expenditures	 13,169		13,879	 12,798		1,081
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #4	 183,067		183,067	 174,969		8,098

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Exhibit 15 Page 4 of 8

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Justice System - Continued: Justice of the Peace Precinct #6: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$	\$	\$	
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #6	131,718	131,718	127,704	4,014
County Attorney: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	399,223 42,280	402,723 	377,283 29,866	25,440 <u>8,914</u>
Total County Attorney	441,503	441,503	407,149	34,354
Juvenile Probation Board: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	55,625	55,625	54,975	650
Total Juvenile Probation Board	55,625	55,625	54,975	650
Juvenile Probation: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Capital outlay expenditures Operating expenditures	56,086 224,250	56,086 191,250 40,000	53,368 68,329 <u>30,615</u>	2,718 122,921 9,385
Total Juvenile Probation	280,336	287,336	152,312	135,024
Child Protective Services: Operating expenditures	84,646	84,646	84,646	
Total Child Protective Services	84,646	84,646	84,646	-0-
Child Support: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	61,958 <u>3,200</u>	61,958 5,310	62,001 3,496	(43) <u>1,814</u>
Total Child Support	65,158	67,268	65,497	1,771
Law Library: Operating expenditures	21,000	21,142	21,141	1
Total Law Library	21,000	21,142	21,141	1
Total Justice System	4,043,268	4,081,538	3,585,524	496,014
Public Safety: Emergency Management/911: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	153,086 37,020	176,081 295,862 5,580	158,642 200,455 5,580	17,439 95,407
Total Emergency Management/911	190,106	477,523	364,677	112,846
Fire Protection: Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	59,200	82,600 	65,734 258,146	16,866
Total Fire Protection	59,200	340,746	323,880	<u> </u>

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Exhibit 15 Page 5 of 8

									Variance With Final Budget
		Budgeted	d A	Amour			Actual		Positive
Public Safety - Continued: Constable Precinct #1:		Original	-		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$	35,015 13,120	,	\$	35,015 15,523	\$ 	35,193 <u>11,695</u>	\$(178) <u>3,828</u>
Total Constable Precinct #1		48,135			50,538		46,888		3,650
Constable Precinct #2: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		25,414 11,900			30,524 14,617		29,276 12,060		1,248 2,557
Total Constable Precinct #2		37,314			45,141		41,336		<u>3,805</u>
Constable Precinct #3: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		35,015 4,730			35,015 8,837		35,077 2,384	(62) <u>6,453</u>
Total Constable Precinct #3	_	39,745			43,852	_	37,461		6,391
Constable Precinct #4: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		28,475 4,065			28,475 4,968		28,322 3,292		153 1,676
Total Constable Precinct #4		32,540			33,443		31,614	_	1,829
Constable Precinct #6: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		25,415 15,600			25,415 20,504		25,470 20,165	(55) <u>339</u>
Total Constable Precinct #6		41,015			45,919	_	45,635		284
County Sheriff: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		3,149,983 456,050 <u>90,000</u>			33,930,501 440,742 558,550		2,527,538 326,561 547,016		1,402,963 114,181 <u>11,534</u>
Total County Sheriff		3,696,033			4,929,793		3,401,115	_	1,528,678
Texas Department of Public Safety: Operating expenditures		4,000			4,000		3,634		366
Total Texas Department of Public Safety		4,000			4,000		3,634		366
Game Wardens: Operating expenditures		39,400			39,400		38,400		1,000
Total Game Wardens		39,400			39,400		38,400		1,000
Total Public Safety		4,187,488			6,010,355	_	4,334,640	_	1,675,715

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Exhibit 15 Page 6 of 8

					Variance With Final Budget
		dgeted Amo		Actual	Positive
Corrections and Rehabilitation:	Original	·	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
County Jail:					
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		6,353 \$ 8,020	2,225,053 464,320 40,627	\$ 2,179,384 434,720 40,607	\$ 45,669 29,600 20
Total County Jail	2,71	4,373	2,730,000	2,654,711	75,289
Adult Probation:					
Operating expenditures		5,000	5,000	4,101	899
Total Adult Probation		5,000	5,000	4,101	899
Total Corrections and Rehabilitation	2,71	9,373	2,735,000	2,658,812	76,188
Health and Human Services:					
Veteran Service Officer: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	7	6,907	76,907	71,885	5,022
Operating expenditures		7,700	3,200	1,615	1,585
Total Veteran Service Officer	8	4,607	80,107	73,500	6,607
Ambulance:					
Operating expenditures	59	2,575	592,575	592,575	-0-
Total Ambulance	59	2,575	592,575	592,575	-0-
Health Department:					
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		3,180	303,180	268,315	34,865
Operating expenditures		5,335	46,587	24,787	21,800
Total Health Department	35	8,515	349,767	293,102	56,665
Animal Control:					(=
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		8,142 5,751	110,142 95,751	93,112 81,143	17,030 14,608
Capital outlay expenditures		2,000 <u> </u>	32,000	30,611	1,389
Total Animal Control	22	5,893	237,893	204,866	33,027
Human Services:					
Operating expenditures	6	8,400	72,500	72,500	
Total Human Services	6	8,400	72,500	72,500	0-
Mental Health:	2	5 / 10	25 110	25 /10	0
Operating expenditures		<u>5,419</u>	35,419	35,419	
Total Mental Health	3	5,419	35,419	35,419	
Total Health and Human Services	1,36	5,409	1,368,261	1,271,962	96,299

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Exhibit 15 Page 7 of 8

		I Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
Community and Economic Development: 521 Park:	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Operating expenditures \$	5,000	\$5,000	\$4,636	\$384
Total 521 Park	5,000	5,000	4,636	384
Fairgrounds: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	49,784 171,100	54,784 171,100	50,418 161,100	4,366 10,000
Total Fairgrounds	220,884	225,884	211,518	14,366
Marine: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	147,419 49,700	120,668 68,500	64,719 66,960	55,949 1,540
Total Marine	197,119	189,168	131,679	57,489
Cultural and Education: Operating expenditures	424,741	450,550	450,550	0-
Total Cultural and Education	424,741	450,550	450,550	
Agricultural Extension: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	167,367 35,220	167,367 42,879	151,244 26,346	16,123 <u>16,533</u>
Total Agricultural Extension	202,587	210,246	177,590	32,656
Home Economist Service: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	156,035 7,750	156,035 7,750	150,746 <u>3,920</u>	5,289 <u>3,830</u>
Total Home Economist Service	163,785	163,785	154,666	9,119
Total Community and Economic Development	1,214,116	1,244,633	1,130,639	113,994
Infrastructure and Environmental Services: Transfer Station:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	177,121	177,121	131,034	46,087
Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	456,520 45,000	444,520 57,000	389,940 56,993	54,580 7
Total Transfer Station	678,641	678,641	577,967	100,674

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Exhibit 15 Page 8 of 8

		Budgetec	d A			Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive
		Original	_	Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Infrastructure and Environmental Services - Continu Commissioner - Precinct #1:	req:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	604,039	\$	614,039	\$	565,427	\$	48,612
Operating expenditures		466,277		635,058		528,442		106,616
Capital outlay expenditures		457,975		628,324		551,018		77,306
Debt service expenditures		108,178		108,178	_	108,177	_	1
Total Commissioner - Precinct #1		1,636,469		1,985,599	_	1,753,064	_	232,535
Commissioner - Precinct #2:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		711,828		711,828		523,484		188,344
Operating expenditures		241,357		297,043		235,429		61,614
Capital outlay expenditures		623,198		1,078,261		1,014,820		63,441
Debt service expenditures		69,168			_		_	-0-
Total Commissioner - Precinct #2		1,645,551		2,087,132	_	1,773,733	_	313,399
Commissioner - Precinct #3:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		700,486		700,486		549,082		151,404
Operating expenditures		210,675		348,802		219,792		129,010
Capital outlay expenditures		677,299		850,648	_	810,006	_	40,642
Total Commissioner - Precinct #3		1,588,460		1,899,936	_	1,578,880		321,056
Commissioner - Precinct #4:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		582,541		603,741		531,849		71,892
Operating expenditures		600,465		735,756		571,575		164,181
Capital outlay expenditures		358,092		507,639		406,613		101,026
Debt service expenditures		95,377		95,377	_	81,749	_	13,628
Total Commissioner - Precinct #4		1,636,475		1,942,513	_	1,591,786	_	350,727
Total Infrastructure and Environmental								
Services		7,185,596		8,593,821	_	7,275,430	_	1,318,391
Total Current Expenditures	\$	26,889,813	\$	30,283,918	\$_	26,149,244	\$_	4,134,674

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Legal Level of Budgetary Control For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Debt Service Fund						
	(Budgeted Driginal	Amounts Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Taxes Investment income	\$	189,913	\$ 189,913	\$	\$ 2,460 1,191		
Total revenues		189,913	189,913	193,564	3,651		
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges		115,000 74,913	115,000 74,913	115,000 74,912	-0- 1		
Total expenditures		189,913	189,913	189,912	1		
Change in fund balance		-0-	-0-	3,652	3,652		
Fund balance - beginning		34,120	34,120	34,120	-0-		
Fund balance - ending	\$	34,120	\$34,120	\$ <u>37,772</u>	\$ <u>3,652</u>		



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	District Attorney Legal/Law Fund							
	(Budgeted Driginal			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Charges for services	\$	34,500	\$	35,241	\$	33,022	\$(2,219)
Fines Investment income Miscellaneous		400		400		1,174		-0- 774 -0-
Total revenues		34,900		35,641		34,196	(1,445)
Expenditures: Justice System: Operating expenditures Public Safety: Operating expenditures Corrections and Rehabilitation: Operating expenditures		7,400		10,760		3,164		7,596 -0- -0-
Total expenditures		7,400		10,760		3,164		7,596
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		27,500		24,881		31,032		6,151
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	(27,500)) (27,500)	(27,500)		-0-
Total other financing uses	(27,500)) (27,500)	(27,500)		-0-
Change in fund balance		-0-	(2,619)		3,532		6,151
Fund balance - beginning		126,398		126,398		126,398		-0-
Fund balance - ending	\$	126,398	\$	123,779	\$	129,930	\$	6,151

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	Sheriff & Jail Discretionary Fund									
	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
\$	4,000 100 <u>38,000</u>	\$ 4,000 100 <u>38,000</u>)	25,589 268 54,489	\$0- 21,589 168 16,489					
-	42,100	42,100	<u>)</u>	80,346	38,246					
					-0-					
	13,100	13,100)	3,036	10,064					
	29,000	44,500	<u>)</u>	42,214	2,286					
_	42,100	57,600	<u>)</u>	45,250	12,350					
_	0	<u>(</u> 15,500	<u>)) (</u>	35,096)	50,596					
_	-0-	0	=	-0-						
	-0-	(15,500))	35,096	50,596					
_	73,349	73,349)	73,349	0-					
\$_	73,349	\$57,849	<u>}</u> \$	108,445	\$50,596					
					(Continued)					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Count	County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund							
	Budgeted An		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive					
_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)					
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ 151,000 \$ 1,000	151,000 S 1,000	\$	\$					
Total revenues	152,000	152,000	170,567	18,567					
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	127,000 10,000	127,000 10,000	34,243	92,757 10,000					
Total expenditures	137,000	137,000	34,243	102,757					
Change in fund balance	15,000	15,000	136,324	121,324					
Fund balance - beginning	440,377	440,377	440,377						
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>455,377</u> \$	455,377	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>121,324</u>					

	Countywide Records Management Preservation Fund							
		Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$	10,000 1,250	\$	\$	8,784 845	\$(1,216) 405)		
	11,250	11,250	_	9,629	(1,621)		
	11,250	11,250	_	3,482		7,768 -0-		
	11,250	11,250	_	3,482		7,768		
	-0-	-0-		6,147		6,147		
_	64,415	64,415	_	64,415		-0-		
\$	64,415	\$64,415	\$_	70,562	\$	6,147		
						(Continued)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Courthouse Security Fund							
	Budgeted AmountsActual Original Final Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ 17,500 \$ 17,500 \$ 19,8 <u>500</u> <u>500</u> <u>1,5</u>							
Total revenues	<u> 18,000 18,000 21,3</u>	41 3,341						
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures Justice System: Operating expenditures	17,000 17,000	17,000 0-						
Total expenditures	17,000 17,000	0 17,000						
Change in fund balance	1,000 1,000 21,3	41 20.341						
Fund balance - beginning	106,041 107,041 106,0	<u>41 -0-</u>						
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>107,041</u> \$ <u>107,041</u> \$ <u>127,3</u>	<u>32</u> \$ <u>20,341</u>						

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	Justice Court Technology Fund										
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
\$	8,500 500	\$ 8,500 500	\$	6,639 <u>285</u>	\$(1,861) <u>215</u>)					
_	9,000	9,000	_	6,924		(2,076)					
						-0-					
_	9,000	9,000		8,923		77					
_	9,000	9,000		8,923		77					
	-0-	-0-	(1,999)	(1,999)					
_	25,570	25,570		25,570		-0-					
\$	25,570	\$25,570	\$	23,571	\$ <u>(</u>	1,999)					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		District	Clerk F	Records Mana	agement Preservatio	on Fu	1 Fund	
	0	F	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$	7,179 200	\$	7,179 200	\$ 7,404 1,088	\$	225 888	
Total revenues		7,739		7,739	8,492		1,113	
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures Justice System:							-0-	
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		1,579 <u>5,800</u>		1,579 5,800		_	1,579 5,800	
Total expenditures		7,379		7,379			7,379	
Change in fund balance		-0-		-0-	8,492		8,492	
Fund balance - beginning		83,046		83,046	83,046		-0-	
Fund balance - ending	\$	83,046	\$	83,046	\$ <u>91,538</u>	\$	8,492	

	County & District Court Technology Fund									
		Variance With Final Budget								
	Budaeted	Amounts		Actual	Positive	01				
	Original	Final		Amounts	(Negative)				
\$	11,600	\$ 11,600	\$	6,364	\$(5	,236)				
	260	260	_	1,263	1	,003				
	11,860	11,860	_	7,627	<u>(</u> 4	, <u>233</u>)				
	7,000	7,000			7	,000,				
	7,000	7,000			1	,000				
						-0-				
	4,860	4,860			4	,860				
	· · · · ·									
	11,860	11,860	_	-0-	11	<u>,860</u>				
	-0-	-0-		7,627	7	,627				
	07 505	07 505		07 505		•				
_	97,535	97,535	_	97,535		-0-				
\$	97,535	\$ <u> </u>	\$	105,162	\$ 7	,627				
Ψ	51,000	φ	Ψ_	100,102	ΨΙ	,021				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 Exhibit 17 Page 5 of 5

	Historical Commission Fund
Revenues: Miscellaneous income	Variance with Budgeted Amounts Actual Positive Original Final Amounts (Negative) \$ \$ 321 \$ 321
	ψψψ <u>θετ</u> ψ_ <u>θετ</u>
Total revenues	<u> </u>
Expenditures: Community and Economic Development: Operating expenditures	7,000 8,300 7,698 602
Total expenditures	7,000 8,300 7,698 602
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	7,000 7,000 -0-
Total other financing sources	7,000 7,000 -0-
Change in fund balance	-0- (1,300) (377) 923
Fund balances - beginning	22,500 22,500 -0-
Fund balances - ending	\$ <u>22,500</u> \$ <u>21,200</u> \$ <u>22,123</u> \$ <u>923</u>



COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

COUNTY CLERK TRUST FUND:	Balance 01-01-20	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12-31-20
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$40,836	\$98,127	\$ <u>40,836</u>	\$ <u>98,127</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>40,836</u>	\$ <u>98,127</u>	\$ <u>40,836</u>	\$ <u>98,127</u>
Liabilities				
Due to others	\$40,836	\$98,127	\$40,836	\$ <u>98,127</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>40,836</u>	\$ <u>98,127</u>	\$ <u>40,836</u>	\$ <u>98,127</u>
DISTRICT CLERK TRUST FUND:				
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ <u>1,829,305</u>	\$ <u>16,236,455</u>	\$3,206,625	\$ <u>14,859,135</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>1,829,305</u>	\$ <u>16,236,455</u>	\$ <u>3,206,625</u>	\$ <u>14,859,135</u>
Liabilities				
Due to others	\$ <u>1,829,305</u>	\$ <u>16,236,455</u>	\$3,206,625	\$ <u>14,859,135</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>1,829,305</u>	\$ <u>16,236,455</u>	\$ <u>3,206,625</u>	\$ <u>14,859,135</u>
INMATE TRUST FUND:				
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ <u>52,968</u>	\$ <u>213,096</u>	\$209,227	\$ <u>56,837</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>52,968</u>	\$ <u>213,096</u>	\$ <u>209,227</u>	\$ <u>56,837</u>
Liabilities				
Due to others	\$ <u>52,968</u>	\$ <u>213,096</u>	\$209,227	\$ <u>56,837</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>52,968</u>	\$ <u>213,096</u>	\$ <u>209,227</u>	\$ <u>56,837</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Balance 01-01-20		Additions		Deductions		Balance 12-31-20	
TAX ASSESSOR COLLECTOR FUND:								
Assets								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	221,195	\$ 477,168	\$	478,147	\$_	220,216	
Total assets	\$	221,195	\$ 477,168	\$	478,147	\$_	220,216	
Liabilities								
Due to other governments	\$	221,195	\$ 477,168	\$	478,147	\$	220,216	
Total liabilities	\$	221,195	\$ 477,168	\$	478,147	\$	220,216	
ADULT PROBATION FUND:								
Assets								
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	899,094 44,915	\$ 1,523,070 49,216	\$	1,562,526 44,915	\$	859,638 49,126	
Total assets	\$	944,009	\$ 1,572,286	\$	1,607,441	\$	908,854	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to others	\$	59,568 884,441	\$ 1,478,904 <u>93,382</u>	\$	1,478,896 128,545	\$	59,576 849,278	
Total liabilities	\$	944,009	\$ 1,572,286	\$	1,607,441	\$_	908,854	
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS:								
Assets								
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	3,043,398 44,915	\$ 18,547,916 <u>49,216</u>	\$	5,497,361 44,915	\$	16,093,953 49,216	
Total assets	\$	3,088,313	\$ 18,597,132	\$	5,542,276	\$_	16,143,169	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to other governments Due to others	\$	59,568 221,195 <u>2,807,550</u>	\$ 1,478,904 477,168 <u>16,641,060</u>	\$	1,478,896 478,147 3,585,233	\$	59,576 220,216 <u>15,863,377</u>	
Total liabilities	\$	3,088,313	\$ 18,597,132	\$	5,542,276	\$_	16,143,169	



STATISTICAL SECTION



Statistical Section (unaudited)

This part of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and additional supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

<u>Content</u>

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Indicators

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

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NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental Activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 16,381,686	\$ 16,401,437	\$ 15,782,772	\$ 17,259,548	\$ 23,077,392
Restricted	1,096,131	935,092	816,242	842,358	3,447,500
Unrestricted	6,238,050	5,812,670	5,930,480	5,973,418	2,236,338
Total governmental activities net position	\$ <u>23,715,867</u>	\$ <u>23,149,199</u>	\$ <u>22,529,494</u>	\$ <u>24,075,324</u>	\$ <u>28,761,230</u>

Source:

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Statement of Net Position)

Notes:

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015, and only 2014 ending balances have been restated. GASB 75 was implemented in 2018, and only 2017 ending balances have been restated.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
\$ 20,110,391	\$ 20,889,826	\$ 21 077 726	\$ 22 753 383	\$ 25 267 989	
2,393,253	999,683	987,684	1,109,873	1,286,921	
2,241,129	<u>(8,101,188</u>)	<u>(6,217,689</u>)	(4,884,348)	<u>(3,820,081</u>)	
\$ <u>24,744,773</u>	\$ <u>13,788,321</u>	\$ <u>15,847,757</u>	\$ <u>18,978,908</u>	\$ <u>22,734,829</u>	

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	* (• • • • • • • • •
General government	\$ 3,238,152	\$ 3,573,090		\$ 4,030,366	
Justice system	3,617,128	3,393,214	3,492,513	3,652,376	4,085,240
Public safety	3,441,085	3,379,800	3,612,977	3,892,339	4,279,120
Corrections and rehabilitation Health and human services	2,246,252	2,036,930	2,261,328	2,334,817	2,575,842
Community and economic development	1,364,578 2,289,523	1,354,286 1,324,645	1,390,657 5,213,574	1,418,957 1,160,109	1,508,231 1,382,101
Infrastructure and environmental services	6,881,349	5,671,712	6,342,332	5,228,877	6,158,182
Intergovernmental	290,001	2,604,849	566,199	2,304,056	1,191,733
Interest and fiscal charges	40,020	37,868	30,073	2,304,030	<u> </u>
interest and nood ondiges	10,020		00,010	20,012	
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ <u>23,408,088</u>	\$ <u>23,376,394</u>	\$ <u>26,474,189</u>	\$ <u>24,051,439</u>	\$ <u>25,749,398</u>
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services:					
General government	\$ 1,227,359	\$ 1,283,268	\$ 1,304,741	\$ 1,325,694	\$ 1,388,439
Justice system	897,829	783,258	1,062,915	1,374,752	1,972,518
Public safety	3,157,683	3,226,989	3,323,250	3,398,955	3,292,142
Corrections and rehabilitation	128,297	93,515	109,428	140,975	154,935
Health and human services	63,717	61,074	63,339	72,083	64,854
Community and economic development	196,767	200,410	188,626	180,042	228,692
Infrastructure and environmental services	278,522	112,564	129,682	352,573	411,784
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	2,214,978	4,251,542	5,511,435 165,879	1,322,719 2,870,484	1,225,197 8,441,394
			105,079	2,070,404	0,441,394
Total governmental activities program revenues	8,165,152	10,012,620	11,859,295	11,038,277	17,179,955
Net expense	\$ <u>(15,242,936</u>)	\$ <u>(13,363,774</u>)	\$ <u>(14,614,894</u>)	\$ <u>(13,013,162</u>)	\$ <u>(_8,569,443</u>)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	า				
Governmental Activities:					
Property Taxes				\$ 14,269,367	
Investment income	267,556	33,357	97,781	107,161	46,471
Miscellaneous	230,264	133,153	165,217	182,468	167,131
Total general revenues	\$ <u>12,741,595</u>	\$ <u>12,925,329</u>	\$ <u>13,995,187</u>	\$ <u>14,558,996</u>	\$ <u>15,486,278</u>
Change in net position	\$ <u>(_2,501,341</u>)	\$ <u>(438,445</u>)	\$ <u>(619,707</u>)	\$ <u>1,545,834</u>	\$ <u>6,916,835</u>

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Statement of Activities)

2016		2017		2018	2019			2020
\$ 4,594,032 4,008,884 4,404,045 2,692,576 1,450,050	\$	6,821,388 4,695,643 5,670,232 3,811,044 1,474,631	\$	7,149,969 4,655,067 5,045,927 3,492,005 1,431,115	\$	6,670,175 5,045,150 5,185,776 3,796,273 1,476,106	\$	6,991,798 5,076,817 5,941,987 3,689,587 1,401,627
1,210,022 8,580,302 7,130,930		1,946,369 7,639,725		1,168,712 7,422,500		1,259,254 9,004,028		1,318,701 7,655,238
124,987	_	105,756	_	109,841	_	94,618	_	90,350
\$ <u>34,195,828</u>	\$_	<u>32,164,788</u>	\$_	<u>30,475,136</u>	\$_	<u>32,531,380</u>	\$_	<u>32,166,105</u>

\$	1,373,609	\$	1,694,057	\$	2,118,407	\$	1,787,418	\$	1,913,385
	248,067		2,086,607		2,454,436		1,762,542		724,194
	2,821,947		3,216,636		3,447,637		3,729,678		3,974,673
	179,924		870,203		844,217		922,638		652,546
	72,149		89,472		123,678		145,466		121,460
	214,760		344,333		318,288		342,664		440,224
	392,615		1,661,543		1,633,287		1,690,758		1,664,794
	1,065,975		2,636,558		2,648,962		4,007,516		4,762,946
_	7,100,204	_	37,636	_	221,828	_	1,807,440	_	168,467
_	13,469,250	_	12,637,045	_	<u>13,810,740</u>	_	<u>16,196,120</u>	_	14,422,689
ሱ /	00 700 670 \	ሰ /	40 507 742)	ሰ /	16 664 206)	ሰ /	10 225 0001	ሰ /	17 742 446)
ФŢ	<u>20,726,578</u>)	⊅ [<u>19,527,743</u>)	ФŤ	<u>16,664,396</u>)	ФŢ	<u>16,335,260</u>)	фĮ	<u>17,743,416</u>)

\$ 16,392,558	\$ 18,533,031	\$ 17,932,603	\$ 18,899,447	\$ 20,704,928
144,532	262,237	259,431	361,820	487,371
173,033	150,187	<u>531,798</u>	205,144	307,038
\$ <u>16,710,123</u>	\$ <u>18,945,455</u>	\$ <u>18,723,832</u>	\$ <u>19,466,411</u>	\$ <u>21,499,337</u>
\$ <u>(4,016,455)</u>	\$ <u>(582,288</u>)	\$ <u>2,059,436</u>	\$ <u>3,131,151</u>	\$ <u>3,755,921</u>

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Conorol Fund	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund: Nonspendable Restricted Committed	\$ 292,680 931,516	\$ 387,339 1,027,113	\$ 337,048 1,224,842	\$ 617,348 1,654,219	\$ 937,646 1,788,128
Unassigned	6,014,110	6,896,050	8,088,794	7,925,903	7,623,601
Total general fund	\$ <u>7,238,306</u>	\$ <u>8,310,502</u>	\$ <u>9,650,684</u>	\$ <u>10,197,470</u>	\$ <u>10,349,375</u>
All Other Governmental Funds: Restricted Unassigned	\$ 1,103,170	\$ 894,586 	\$ 816,480	\$ 829,824	\$ 3,432,048
Total all other governmental funds	\$ <u>1,103,170</u>	\$ <u>894,586</u>	\$ <u>816,480</u>	\$ <u>829,824</u>	\$ <u>3,432,048</u>
Total all governmental funds	\$ <u>8,341,476</u>	\$ <u>9,205,088</u>	\$ <u>10,467,164</u>	\$ <u>11,027,294</u>	\$ <u>13,781,423</u>

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds)

	2016	2017	2018		2019		2020	
\$	408,330	\$ 523,587	\$	893,161	\$	584,260	\$	1,123,309 3,152,274
-	1,436,849 9,056,754	1,686,685 <u>10,736,520</u>		1,487,792 14,058,826	_	1,343,436 <u>16,343,814</u>	_	1,217,717 16,308,430
\$_	<u>10,901,933</u>	\$ <u>12,946,792</u>	\$	<u>16,439,779</u>	\$_	<u>18,271,510</u>	\$_	<u>21,801,730</u>
\$	2,395,215	\$ 2,093,668 (<u> 759,419</u>)	\$	2,088,975 (<u>525,418</u>)	\$ _(1,953,138 49,820)	\$ 	2,085,247 <u>419,403</u>)
\$_	2,395,215	\$ <u>1,334,249</u>	\$	1,563,557	\$_	1,903,318	\$_	1,665,844
\$_	13,297,148	\$ <u>14,281,041</u>	\$	18,003,336	\$_	20,174,828	\$_	<u>23,467,574</u>

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

D	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 12,219,087	\$ 12,766,067	\$ 13,790,874	\$ 13,286,586	\$ 14,171,108
Licenses and permits	792,739	φ 12,700,007 794,878	780,770	805,842	⁵ 14,171,100 766,767
Intergovernmental	2,255,663	4,273,126	5,679,217	3,465,873	9,719,811
Charges for services	4,622,755	4,445,502	4,692,877	4,923,019	4,985,894
Fines	409,390	379,955	359,083	406,122	420,317
Investment income	246,270	146,783	170,191	189,396	167,131
Miscellaneous	270,267	262,134	323,794	1,150,101	306,915
Total revenues	20,816,171	23,068,445	25,796,806	24,226,939	30,537,943
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	2,805,567	3,067,887	3,262,721	3,112,170	3,320,691
Justice system	3,295,213	3,070,179	3,138,020	3,239,914	3,626,356
Public safety	3,090,014	2,996,188	3,206,246	3,437,289	3,750,060
Corrections and rehabilitation	2,087,751	1,906,351	2,102,157	2,159,036	2,358,621
Health and human services	1,261,528 1,267,022	1,254,709 1,034,598	1,283,214 991,326	1,297,399 1,025,094	1,339,962 1,193,530
Community and economic development Infrastructure and environmental services	5,058,387	4,821,509	8,985,216	5,252,783	5,787,483
Intergovernmental	290,001	2,613,425	566,199	2,304,056	989,112
Capital outlay	1,388,221	1,059,886	1,145,088	1,662,313	8,807,972
Debt Service:	1,000,221	1,000,000	1,110,000	1,002,010	0,001,012
Principal	145,000	212,555	278,751	303,265	512,668
Interest and fiscal charges	42,093	39,325	32,758	24,858	132,629
Total expenditures	20,730,797	22,076,612	_24,991,696	23,818,177	31,819,084
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	85,374	991,833	805,110	408,762	<u>(1,281,141)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	70,053	40,695	33,500	34,500	34,500
Transfers out	(70,053)	(40,695)	(33,500)	(34,500)	(34,500)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	400.000		450.005	454 074	4 004 040
Capital lease issuance	188,820		456,965	151,371	1,224,946
Certificates of obligation bonds issuance Premium on issuance					2,750,000 60,325
Fremium on issuance					00,325
Total other financing sources (uses)	188,820		456,965	151,371	4,035,271
Extraordinary items					-0-
Change in fund balances	\$ <u>274,194</u>	\$ <u>991,833</u>	\$ <u>1,262,075</u>	\$ <u>560,133</u>	\$ <u>2,754,130</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.0%	1.2%	1.3%	1.5%	2.8%

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance).

2010	2011	2010	2010	2020
\$ 16,833,700 770,097 8,304,186 4,431,355 429,327 173,033 343,087	\$ 18,184,334 756,759 2,512,824 4,417,327 435,100 259,106 311,556	\$ 19,851,001 772,907 2,443,565 4,830,075 491,568 252,452 764,204	\$ 18,871,997 781,340 3,813,307 4,998,618 463,530 351,100 489,331	\$ 20,607,663 794,226 4,603,615 4,858,253 394,517 470,522 453,115
31,284,785	26,877,006	29,405,772	29,769,223	32,181,911
4,819,501	5,662,847	5,931,771	5,774,412	5,706,476
3,540,786	3,611,473	3,867,564	4,061,446	3,981,866
3,821,650	4,129,307	3,967,106	3,967,905	4,384,188
2,455,704	2,347,663	2,415,983	2,539,137	2,660,419
1,342,124	1,344,985	1,289,160	1,309,922	1,241,351
1,074,855	1,722,320	1,035,798	1,070,157	1,138,337
5,980,068	4,037,783	4,813,896	6,974,052	5,524,443
6,442,116				
1,569,425	3,016,712	1,784,087	1,566,513	3,925,049
594,965	456,157	475,036	491,517	382,906
127,864	112,559	117,251	101,604	92,164
	,			
31,769,058	26,441,806	25,697,652	27,856,665	29,037,199
<u>(484,273</u>)	435,200	3,708,120	1,912,558	3,144,712
34,500	34,500	34,499	42,133	107,214
(34,500)		(34,499)		(107,214)
(01,000)	12,148	14,175	15,551	13,255
	536,545	14,170	243,383	134,779
	548,693	14,175	258,934	148,034
\$ <u>(484,273</u>)	\$ <u>983,893</u>	\$ <u>3,722,295</u>	\$ <u>2,171,492</u>	\$ <u>3,292,746</u>
2.4%	2.4%	2.5%	2.3%	1.9%

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	_	Assessed Real Property	 Assesses Non-Real Property		Less: Tax-exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2011	\$	3,412,943,688	\$ 1,553,978,640	\$(552,937,135)\$	4,413,985,193	0.281620	\$ 4,413,985,193	100.00%
2012		4,085,451,154	950,761,254	(546,317,547)	4,489,894,861	0.298780	4,489,894,861	100.00%
2013		3,997,000,381	1,127,092,670	(560,957,690)	4,563,135,361	0.320990	4,563,135,361	100.00%
2014		2,347,521,763	2,791,886,570	(559,982,098)	4,579,426,235	0.358670	4,579,426,235	100.00%
2015		3,179,148,560	1,660,523,790	(579,127,165)	4,260,545,185	0.395680	4,260,545,185	100.00%
2016		3,535,169,802	1,477,166,650	(746,127,230)	4,266,209,222	0.419980	4,266,209,222	100.00%
2017		3,860,625,616	1,442,071,480	(994,209,738)	4,308,487,358	0.418980	4,308,487,358	100.00%
2018		4,485,887,994	1,538,427,351	(1,576,741,549)	4,447,573,796	0.417580	4,447,573,796	100.00%
2019		5,951,129,481	985,347,835	(2,205,947,933)	4,730,529,383	0.433420	4,730,529,383	100.00%
2020		7,551,278,040	1,088,382,240	(3,695,468,797)	4,944,191,483	0.422230	4,944,191,483	100.00%

Source: Matagorda County Central Appraisal District



DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Cities:	2011 Tax Rate	2012 Tax Rate	2013 Tax Rate	2014 Tax Rate	2015 Tax Rate
Bay City Palacios	0.56981 0.85787	0.57191 0.85787	0.56794 0.85787	0.60209 0.85787	0.60209 0.84000
School Districts: Bay City ISD Matagorda ISD Palacios ISD Tidehaven ISD Van Vleck ISD	1.32000 1.16720 1.08500 1.00500 1.04000	1.32000 1.17000 1.09500 1.19864 1.04000	1.32394 1.16373 1.10000 1.21760 1.04000	1.34064 1.14831 1.10500 1.33118 1.98840	1.34064 1.15074 1.13500 1.37897 1.03410
Matagorda County: County	0.28162	0.29878	0.32099	0.35867	0.39568
Utility Districts: Beach Road Municipal Utility District Caney Creek Municipal Utility District	0.11909 0.37594	0.12549 0.38161	0.12943 0.39387	0.13454 0.39000	0.13317 0.39387
Special Districts: Coastal Plains Groundwater District Matagorda County Conservation &	0.00448	0.00479	0.00476	0.00495	0.004500
Reclamation District Matagorda County Drainage District #1 Matagorda County Drainage District #2 Matagorda County Drainage District #3 Matagorda County Drainage District #4 Matagorda County Hospital District Matagorda County Navigation District #1	0.00456 0.09628 0.03691 0.01700 0.23000 0.20003 0.03874	0.00470 0.09524 0.03366 0.01700 0.22311 0.23163 0.03938	0.00522 0.08600 0.03731 0.01500 0.22380 0.25600 0.03872	0.00577 0.07750 0.04590 0.01500 0.22249 0.27624 0.04681	0.00646 0.07158 0.05287 0.01500 0.25000 0.30147 0.04427
Matagorda County Navigation District #1 Matagorda County Palacios Seawall Commission Matagorda County Water Control	0.03874	0.01820	0.03872	0.01761	0.01761
Improvement District #2 Matagorda County Water Control Improvement District #6 Port of Bay City Authority	0.17494 0.24955 0.03175	0.17494 0.26632 0.03284	0.20745 0.26632 0.03645	0.21179 0.26632 0.04044	0.21179 0.25511 0.04539

Source: Matagorda County Tax Assessor and Palacios ISD Tax Assessor

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate
0.60209	0.65500	0.65500	0.65500	0.65500
0.84000	0.85351	0.85351	0.85351	0.85351
1.33120	1.43701	1.55222	1.53731	1.43140
1.14587	1.13958	1.13541	1.06760	0.99275
1.13500	1.13500	1.13500	1.13500	1.10140
1.26111	1.25540	1.22275	1.17476	1.17146
1.01400	1.01400	1.25325	1.19281	1.17944
0.41998	0.41898	0.41758	0.43342	0.42223
0.14102	0.13811	0.13641	0.17232	0.16712
0.38865	0.38865	0.40008	0.40772	0.40799
0.00499	0.00499	0.00478	0.00470	0.00465
0.00691	0.00691	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00765\\ 0.04178\\ 0.05230\\ 0.02089\\ 0.23800\\ 0.32159\\ 0.04533\end{array}$	0.00776	0.00831
0.06554	0.06554		0.04169	0.04201
0.05132	0.05132		0.04606	0.04977
0.01635	0.01635		0.02266	0.02450
0.26629	0.26629		0.19000	0.17065
0.31270	0.31270		0.32159	0.31815
0.04442	0.04442		0.04551	0.04564
0.01786	0.01786	0.01945	0.01962	0.01948
0.20055	0.20055	0.19822	0.01992	0.20959
0.25511	0.25511	0.25511	0.25511	0.23000
0.04856	0.04856	0.05389	0.05477	0.05628

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2020		2011				
Taxpayer		2020 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total Assessed Value		2011 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total Assessed Value	
NDC	¢	604 700 600	4	12 050/	¢	1 110 204 400	4	0E 000/	
NRG Tree Delecies Cas Starage	\$	684,730,620	1 2	13.85%	\$	1,116,324,480	2	25.29%	
Tres Palacios Gas Storage		214,213,450		4.33%		173,759,140		3.94%	
Equistar Chemicals,LP		153,429,000	3	3.10%		114,931,120	4	2.60%	
Ingleside Ethylene, LLC		130,790,360	4	2.65%					
Peyton Creek Wind Farm, LL		128,716,250	5	2.60%					
OQ Chemicals Corporation	•	111,973,920	6	2.26%					
Kinder Morgan Texas Pipeline		89,830,040	7	1.82%					
Williams Fld Svcs – Gulf Coast C	0	89,434,220	8	1.81%		67,250,680	6	1.52%	
OQ Chemicals Corporation		69,525,240	9	1.41%					
AEP Texas Central Company		63,413,830	10	1.28%					
Oxea Corporation						52,188,230	7	1.18%	
Texas Brine Corporation						118,968,590	3	2.70%	
Midtex Gas Storage Company						88,640,490	5	2.01%	
Flint Hills Resources INV						45,568,550	8	1.03%	
Equistar Chemicals LP UGS						45,120,800	9	1.02%	
Celanese LTD Chemical Division	_					33,939,170	10	0.77%	
Total	\$_	1,736,056,930		35.11%	\$_	1,856,661,250		42.06%	
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$_	4,944,191,483			\$_	4,413,985,183			

Source: Matagorda County Tax Assessor

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS *PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS* Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy						Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Tax Levy as of <u>Fiscal Year End</u>	Ac	djustments_	 Adjusted Levy		Amount		centage f Levy	 Ilections in Ubsequent Years	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2011	\$ 12,644,542	\$(203,558)	\$ 12,440,984	\$	12,407,390		99.73%	\$ 8,938	\$	12,416,328	99.80%
2012	13,635,349	(298,185)	13,337,164		13,285,597		99.61%	24,317		13,309,914	99.80%
2013	14,701,308	(1,021,222)	13,680,086		13,614,562		99.52%	32,543		13,647,105	99.76%
2014	15,282,252		25,106	15,307,358		14,122,704		92.26%	1,140,647		15,263,351	99.71%
2015	16,882,334	(64,509)	16,817,825		16,034,255		95.34%	727,063		16,761,318	99.66%
2016	18,101,810		46,842	18,148,652		17,604,870		97.00%	461,799		18,066,669	99.55%
2017	18,638,936		17,362	18,656,298		18,403,238		98.64%	144,749		18,547,987	99.42%
2018	18,813,107	(34,403)	18,778,704		18,525,956		98.65%	95,956		18,621,912	99.17%
2019	20,513,320	(16,351)	20,496,969		20,228,772		98.69%			20,228,772	98.69%
2020	20,885,006		15,492	20,900,498		4,045,564		19.36%			4,045,564	19.36%

Source: Matagorda County Tax Assessor-Collector

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	G	Bovernmental Activ	ities			
Fiscal Year	Certificates of Obligation ¹	Capital Leases	Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Population	Debt per Capita
2011	\$ 825,000	\$ 188,820	\$ 1,013,820	0.08%	36,763	27.58
2012	675,000	126,265	801,265	0.07%	36,809	21.77
2013	520,000	459,478	979,478	0.08%	36,547	26.80
2014	355,000	620,634	975,634	0.08%	36,592	26.66
2015	2,987,310	1,359,864	4,347,174	0.32%	36,519	119.04
2016	2,804,294	944,431	3,748,725	0.26%	36,770	101.95
2017	2,698,129	1,129,820	3,827,949	0.26%	37,187	102.94
2018	2,585,072	764,784	3,349,856	0.22%	36,840	90.93
2019	2,467,015	631,650	3,098,665	0.21%	36,643	84.56
2020	2,348,958	498,523	2,847,481	0.16%	36,720	77.55

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

¹ Presented net of original issuance premiums

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Go						
Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds(1)	Avail	s: Amounts able in Debt ice Fund(2)		Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property(3)	Per Capita(4)
2020	\$	2,348,958	\$	18,259	\$	2,330,699	0.05%	63
2019	Ŧ	2,467,015	Ŧ	34,120	Ŧ	2,432,895	0.05%	66
2018		2,585,072		37,574		2,547,498	0.06%	69
2017		2,698,129		32,956		2,665,173	0.06%	72
2016		2,804,294		26,002		2,778,292	0.07%	76
2015		2,987,310		6,191		2,981,119	0.07%	82
2014		355,000		14,657		340,343	0.01%	9
2013		520,000		18,055		501,945	0.01%	14
2012		675,000		13,787		661,213	0.01%	18
2011		825,000		11,363		813,637	0.02%	22
2010		970,000		7,505		962,495	0.02%	26

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Detailed Notes on all Funds)

1) This is the general bonded debt of both governmental activities, net of original issue premiums.

2) This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.

3) See the of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 124 for property value data.

4) Population date can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 134.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of December 31, 2020

Governmental Unit	(Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
City of Bay City	\$	19,407,012	100.00%	\$ 19,407,012
City of Palacios		2,531,000	100,00%	2,531,000
Tidehaven ISD		53,804,759	100.00%	53,804,759
Palacios ISD		7,599,703	94.08%	7,149,497
Bay City ISD		129,576,862	100.00%	129,576,862
Van Vleck ISD		80,380,000	100.00%	80,380,000
Matagorda County Navigation District #1		400,000	100.00%	400,000
Caney Creek Municipal Utility District		4,070,587	100.00%	4,070,587
Beach Road Municipal Utility District		256,313	100.00%	<u> </u>
Sub-total Overlapping Debt Matagorda County, Texas direct debt				297,376,030 <u>2,847,481</u>
Total Direct & Overlapping Debt				\$ <u>300,223,511</u>

Source: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the County. This process recognizes that, when considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore, responsible forepaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Debt limit	\$ 1,103,496,298	\$ 1,122,473,715	\$ 1,140,783,840	\$ 1,144,856,559	\$ 1,062,200,105
Total net debt applicable to limit	813,637	661,213	501,945	349,747	2,936,191
Legal debt margin	\$ <u>1,102,682,661</u>	\$ <u>1,121,812,502</u>	\$ <u>1,140,281,895</u>	\$ <u>1,144,506,812</u>	\$ <u>1,059,263,914</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.07%	0.06%	0.04%	0.03%	0.28%
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Debt limit	\$ 1,066,552,306	\$ 1,074,456,667	\$ 1,109,345,951	\$ 1,182,632,346	\$ 1,236,047,871
Total net debt applicable to limit	2,830,296	2,665,173	2,547,498	2,432,895	2,330,699
Legal debt margin	\$ <u>1,063,722,010</u>	\$ <u>1,071,791,494</u>	\$ <u>1,106,798,453</u>	\$ <u>1,180,199,451</u>	\$ <u>1,233,717,172</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.27%	0.25%	0.23%	0.21%	0.19%
		Legal Debt Margir	n Calculation for the	e Current Fiscal Ye	ar
	Assessed Value Debt Limit (25% Debt Applicable t	of Assessed Value)		\$4,944,191,483 1,236,047,871
	General Obliga		ment of		2,348,958
	General Oblig	ation Debt			18,259
	Total Net Debt A		2,330,699		
	Legal Debt Marg	in			\$ <u>1,233,717,172</u>

Sources: Matagorda County Appraisal District and Matagorda County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Personal Public Income Fiscal Per Capita (Thousands School Unemployment Year Population(1) Income (1) of Dollars) Enrollment(2) Rate(3) 2020 36,720 \$ 47,612 \$ 1,657,614 6,969 10.4% 2019 36,643 41,246 1,511,377 7,258 5.7% 2018 36,840 40,827 1,504,079 7,255 5.7% 2017 37,187 39,090 1,453,644 7,150 6.7% 2016 36,770 39,493 7,264 7.8% 1,452,173 2015 36,519 37,324 7,121 7.3% 1,363,043 2014 36,592 35,426 7,022 6.7% 1,296,291 7,009 2013 36,547 33,696 1,231,490 9.1% 2012 36,809 33,287 1,225,279 7,096 9.4% 2011 16.4% 36,763 32,955 1,211,531 7,159

- Sources: (1) Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (2) Texas Education Agency
 - (3) Texas Workforce Commission

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2020			2011	
Employer	Number of	Rank	% of Total County Employment	Number of	Rank	% of Total County Employment
Employer	Employees	Ralik	Employment	Employees	Rallk	Employment
South Texas Project	1,096	1	6.49%	1,143	1	7.15%
Bay City ISD	570	2	3.37%	545	2	3.41%
Tenaris	524	3	3.10%			
Matagorda Hospital	279	4	1.65%	249	4	1.56%
Matagorda County	242	5	1.43%	218	7	1.36%
Palacios ISD	213	6	1.26 %	245	5	1.53%
Van Vleck ISD	175	7	1.04 %	147	10	0.92%
Lyondell	163	8	0.97%	207	8	1.30%
Tidehaven ISD	159	9	0.94%			
City of Bay City	154	10	0.91%	229	6	1.43%
Wal-Mart				254	3	1.59%
Oxea			. <u> </u>	150	9	0.94%
Total	<u> </u>		21.17%	3,387		21.19%

Source: Jobs EQ 2020 Chmura Economics & Analytics - Total County employment for current year

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government	34	34	34	35	32	31	30	36	37	33
Justice system	37	34	34	34	42	36	42	47	47	45
Public safety	48	49	49	48	45	42	42	46	49	49
Corrections and rehabilitation	n 35	35	35	35	35	35	53	53	62	58
Health and human services	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	9	8
Community and economic										
development	10	10	10	10	10	7	8	9	11	9
Infrastructure and										
environmental services	37	37	37	39	32	33	34	39	39	40
Total	208	206	206	208	203	<u> 192</u>	217	238	254	242

Source: Human Resources and Auditor's Office



MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015		
General Government:							
Births filed	386	355	474	571	514		
Deaths filed	258	287	281	284	286		
Marriage license applications	327	328	309	276	307		
Registered voters	20,543	21,358	20,525	20,978	20,656		
Auto titles	5,491	5,686	5,731	5,717	5,621		
Justice System							
District Court							
Civil cases filed	425	386	383	307	337		
Civil case dispositions	330	371	304	355	254		
Criminal cases filed	413	379	488	334	260		
Criminal case dispositions	483	554	553	508	512		
County Court							
Civil cases filed	75	67	74	73	58		
Civil case dispositions	71	61	67	58	88		
Criminal cases filed	986	1,001	982	850	729		
Criminal case dispositions	4,955	1,112	989	1,013	942		
Justices of the Peace							
Civil cases filed	385	374	416	414	418		
Civil case dispositions	181	866	413	368	396		
Criminal cases filed	4,955	3,931	3,381	3,452	2,906		
Criminal case dispositions	4,626	5,500	3,566	2,032	2,412		
Public safety							
Total calls for service	7,976	7,605	6,262	6,552	7,287		
Total arrests	7,370	680	800	799	718		
	101	000	000	100	110		
Corrections and Rehabilitation			–				
Number of inmates per year	1,808	1,391	2,017	2,083	1,866		
Health and Human Services							
Food permits issued	249	242	234	238	253		
Septic permits issued	111	97	109	148	124		
Building permits issued	333	297	330	373	290		
Electrical permits issued	498	510	488	516	100		

Sources: Various County department records

Fiscal Year									
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020					
545	596	440	496	479					
293	311	280	319	338					
325	324	282	267	176					
21,535	21,352	21,153	21,447	21,065					
5,561	5,093	5,369	5,267	4,602					
435	464	847	495	495					
217	266	793	688	516					
360	465	326	413	413					
560	424	451	586	419					
63	83	66	79	65					
78	63	59	70	47					
784	719	603	574	380					
1,017	658	740	609	334					
416	406	862	1,025	787					
361	367	685	691	809					
3,068	3,539	4,355	3,917	2,489					
2,719	2,779	3,765	3,618	2,355					
7,513	7,571	10,025	13,047	11,413					
727	807	832	761	496					
1,075	1,322	2,199	1,466	1,431					
266	244	249	237	206					
136	157	158	162	184					
281	372	385	407	355					
100	571	481	518	605					

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015			
General Government Buildings	42	42	42	42	42			
Public Safety Sheriff vehicles Fire and ambulance	53 48	53 48	46 50	48 51	49 51			
Infrastructure and Environmental Services County roads (miles) County bridges	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87			
Community and Economic Development County parks	9	9	9	9	9			

Sources: Various County department records

Fiscal Year									
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020					
42	43	44	44	44					
49 51	53 51	52 54	50 52	55 58					
1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87					
9	9	9	9	9					



FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION





Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Matagorda County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075 El Campo 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836

Angleton 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 Bay City 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



www.kmandl.com

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas June 25, 2021



Independent Auditor's Report

On Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Matagorda County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Matagorda County's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075 <u>El Campo</u> 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836 <u>Angleton</u> 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 Bay City 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



www.kmandl.com

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas June 25, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

- I. Summary of auditor's results:
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. No internal control finding, required to be reported in this schedule, was disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
 - 3. Noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements: None.
 - 4. No internal control findings, that are required to be reported in this schedule, was disclosed in the audit of the major programs.
 - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
 - 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a): No
 - 7. Major programs include:
 - 21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund
 - 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000.
 - 9. Low Risk Auditee: Yes.
- II. Findings related to the financial statements.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

III. Findings and questioned costs related to the federal award.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.



KRISTEN E. KUBECKA COUNTY AUDITOR MATAGORDA COUNTY 2200 SEVENTH STREET, ROOM 208 BAY CITY, TEXAS 77414-5095 (979) 241-0120

Federal:

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings. This summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The schedule of status of prior audit findings is as follows:

None.



KRISTEN E. KUBECKA COUNTY AUDITOR MATAGORDA COUNTY 2200 SEVENTH STREET, ROOM 208 BAY CITY, TEXAS 77414-5095 (979) 241-0120

Federal:

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan must be presented to address each finding included in the current year auditor's reports. The corrective action plan is as follows:

None.



MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:	Federal CFDA Number	Contract/ Program Number	Expenditures Indirect Costs or Award Amount
Direct: Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant	14.228 14.228 14.228	20-065-123-C430 DRS220112 7219261	\$ 262,561 179,831 59,450
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPM	ENT		\$501,842
U.S. Department of Interior: Direct: Payment in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		\$ <u>7,755</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			\$ <u>7,755</u>
U.S. Department of Justice: Direct: State Criminal Alien Assistance Program Passed Through the Texas Office of the Governor: Crime Victim Assistance	16.605 16.575	2020-APBX-1097 2017-DJBX-0053	\$
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			\$ <u>131,783</u>
U.S. Department of Treasury: Passed Through the Texas Division of Emergency Management: Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019		\$ <u>805,860</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			\$805,860
U.S. Department of Elections: Passed Through the Texas Secretary of State: 2020 HAVA Election Security Grants TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENTS OF ELECTIONS	90.404	TX20101CARES-158	\$ <u>33,750</u> \$33,750
			Ψ <u>00,700</u>

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Exhibit 19 Page 2 of 2

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract/ Program Number	Expenditures Indirect Costs or Award Amount
U.S. Department of Homeland Security: Passed Through Texas Department of Public Safety: Disaster Grants Public Assistance Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036 97.036	4332-DR-TX-P0000001-1359 4332-DR-TX-P0000001-6935	\$
Passed Through Texas Division of Emergency Management: Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	DR-1791-323	<u> </u>
Hazard Mitigation Grant Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039 97.039	DR-4332-163 DR-4332-164	198,361 19,780
Passed Through Texas Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMT-2019-EP-00005	<u>219,153</u> 22,337
Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor: Homeland Security Grant Program Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067 97.067	EMW-2020-SS-00054 EMW-2018-SS-00022-S01	143,235 14,262
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2019-SS-00034-S01	<u>115,191</u> 272,688
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			\$603,465
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ <u>2,084,455</u>
TOTAL MAJOR PROGRAMS			\$ <u>805,860</u>
TYPE A PROGRAM			\$750,000

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended December 31, 2020

1. The County uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designated to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designated to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available resources. Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category, in turn is divided into separate "fund types". The following fund types were utilized to account for federal awards.

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund - is the general operating fund of the County. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund. Federal financial assistance not required to be reported in other funds is accounted for in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Federal financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund unless required to be reported in a Capital Projects Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Capital Projects Funds - used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Federal financial assistance for the construction of major capital facilities generally is accounted for in a Capital Projects Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Federal grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, a component of the Governmental Fund type.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund Types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures/expenses made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended December 31, 2020

- 3. The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.
- 4. Indirect Costs The County received no reimbursements for indirect costs during the year ended December 31, 2020.
- 5. As of December 31, 2020, the County included \$ 89,287 on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards from the Public Assistance Grant CFDA #97.036 for expenditures that were incurred in previous fiscal years. The Federal Emergency Management Agency approved the project worksheets related to the \$ 89,287 in the current fiscal year.
- 6. The County has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

